Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS)

(Handbook)

Delhi Police

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Team Delhi Police Academy



FOREWORD



After having served as the fulcrum of criminal justice administration for over 150 years, with several amendments and upgrades, the erstwhile three Criminal Major Laws have recently been replaced by Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita and Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam through Acts of Parliament. The enactment of the three new Criminal Major Acts marks a significant post-colonial shift in the criminal justice administration of our country; the distinguishing feature being focus on 'justice' from conventionally being purely 'penal'.

The new laws aim at structural overhaul of criminal justice administration by acknowledging the changes that have taken roots in a developing country and society over the past century and, are futuristic in-as-much as they aim at providing a cohesive definition and prescribing the consequences of new age delinquencies in a rational, just and nationalistic framework.

The new laws are expected to be notified for implementation in the coming days. It is going to be a multi-stakeholder endeavour wherein central organizations like NCRB, BPR&D etc. will play an important role along with State Police forces. For on-ground

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understanding and implementation of the new laws, Delhi Police has already taken the first step with the preparation of this comprehensive Handbook, which shows the commitment and perseverance of our Training Division, under the able leadership of Ms. Chhaya Sharma, Spl.CP/Training.

The challenge with adoption and implementation of the new laws is primarily 'attitudinal'. For a police force accustomed to learning, practicing and internalizing laws that have been the 'daily bread' of policing for generations of police officers, the first challenge is to acknowledge that development is de-envelopment i.e., the old yolk is to be done away with. The process of unlearning and re-learning can indeed be very difficult in absence of experienced mentors, quality study material and structured, practical tutoring. The Handbook at hand aims to fill the critical second paradigm mentioned above, while we scout and prepare professional trainers and lay down a calendar for training over seventy thousand personnel of Delhi Police on this journey of excitement and discoveries.

I once again extend my heartfelt compliments to the entire team of Training Division of Delhi Police, who worked assiduously, ably assisted by experts drawn from various professions into drafting the Handbook and I am sure that this will serve as the beacon light for not just Delhi Police but several other State Police forces, who are moving along with us into the future of national service through our policing efforts.

Sanjay Arora

Commissioner of Police, Delhi

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PREFACE

In the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita – 2023, there are total 358 Sections in 20 Chapters whereas there was modification of total 511 sections in 23 + 3 Chapters in the I.P.C. where in 20 new sections have been added in BNS and 20 provisions of I.P.C have been deleted. A committee was constituted for preparation of course material for Investigating Officers of Delhi Police and after much deliberation, this guide has been made to help the Investigating Officers and simplify the understanding of the new 'Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita – 2023' for the police officers of Delhi Police.

In this guide, you will find the newly updated sections of BNS with five annexures which depict different types of offences and their fines/punishments. The newly added and modified sections have been highlighted and nature of offence being Cognizable or Non Cognizable have been given for ease of the readers.

Our goal is to make the shift smooth, offering practical insights that empower you on the ground. As you navigate this legal update, consider this booklet your go-to resource for understanding and implementing these changes effectively. Together, let us ensure a seamless transition, enhancing our collective commitment to justice and community safety as well as making Delhi Police one of the best organizations to serve the society.

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General Overview About Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 (Act No. 45 of 2023 Dated 25th December 2023)

- The new Act is called as "Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023", (BNS) which has replaced Indian Penal Code, 1860. The word code has been replaced with Sanhita.
- In BNS, total **358 Sections in 20 Chapters** whereas there were **511 sections** in **23 + 3 Chapters** in IPC. Scattered provisions have been consolidated in single Chapter. Also, definitions and punishment have been provided in same section in many sections/ chapters, which resulted in change in numbering of sections / chapters in BNS.
- The Chapters/sections for offences against women & children and offences affecting the human body (murder) have been given precedence. Further, the offences against women and children which were scattered throughout in the erstwhile IPC have been brought together and have been consolidated under Chapter-V. In the same manner, the offences affecting the Human body are also brought up in the order and placed there after in Chapter VI.
- All 3 incomplete categories of offences, i.e. **Attempt, Abetment & Conspiracy** are brought together in one Chapter (i.e. Chapter IV) which were earlier in different chapters.
- 20 New sections have been added. List of new sections and partly added is at (Annexure-I). For example, Abetment of an offence committed in India by a person outside India has now been made an offence u/s 48 of BNS. Offence of Snatching has also been introduced u/s 304 of BNS. Also, Mob Lynching, Organised Crime and Petty Organised Crime have been made separate offences in BNS. A new Section 226 has been added in the BNS to punish those who attempt to commit suicide with the intent to compel or restrain the exercise of any lawful power by a public servant.

- To tackle 'organised crime' and 'terrorist acts, offence of organised crime and terrorist act have been added in the Sanhita with deterrent punishments. Sections 111 & 113 of the BNS 2023 punish the commission, attempt, abetment, conspiracy of organised crimes and terrorist acts respectively. Both the Sections also punish the act of being a member of any organised crime syndicate or terrorist organisation, harboring or concealing any person who committed any organised crime or Terrorist act and the act of possessing any property derived or obtained from the commission of organised crime or terrorist act. Section 111 on organised crime takes care of various state laws enacted in this domain. Section 113 on terrorist act has been drafted on the lines of UAPA. It has also been provided that in case of the offence of terrorist act, officer not below the rank of SP will decide whether to register a case under the provisions of BNS, 2023 or UAPA.
- A new offence for having sexual intercourse on **false promise of marriage**, **employment**, **promotion** or **by suppressing the identity etc**. has been introduced in **Section 69 of the BNS**. This provision will be a deterrent for the people who employ deceitful means like false promise of marriage, concealment of identity etc. to take consent of the woman and involve in sexual intercourse. It aims to protect the rights of women.
- 20 Provisions of IPC have been deleted. (Annexure-II). Offences like Attempt to Commit Suicide u/s 309 IPC, Adultery u/s 497 IPC, Sedition u/s124-A IPC etc have been deleted/ repealed as offence in BNS.
- Punishment of **imprisonment** has been **increased in 33 offences**. (Annexure-III) Viz. in the offence of death by negligence punishable u/s 106(1) of BNS imprisonment has been increased from 2 years to 5 years. Also, more punishment of imprisonment up to ten years and fine u/s 106 (2) of BNS for not reporting of death caused by rash and negligent driving of vehicle and escapes from the place of incident without reporting has been incorporated.
- A new provision 117(3) has been introduced in the BNS to provide stringent
 punishment for such acts of grievous hurt which results in persistent
 vegetative state or in permanent disability, it will attract higher punishment
 of rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than ten years

but which may extend to imprisonment for life (remainder of that person's natural life) as against up to 7 years imprisonment for grievous hurt earlier in IPC.

- Punishment of **Fine** has been **enhanced in 83 offences**. (**Annexure-IV**) Fine of ₹10/-, 100/-, 200/-, 250/-500/- etc. have been enhanced to ₹1000, 2500/-, 5000,10,000/- etc.to make the fine meaningful.
- Mandatory minimum punishment has been introduced in 23 offences (Annexure-V) viz. buying child for the purpose of prostitution, organised crime, terrorist act, hurt to deter public servant from his duty, personating a public servant, theft etc.
- For the 1st time "Community Service" has been introduced as one of the punishments specifically provided for 6 petty offences mentioned below. It introduces the reformative approach in the punishment scheme which is aimed towards achieving 'NYAYA' in the society
 - (1) Public Servant unlawfully engaging in trade u/s 202 BNS.
 - (2) Non-appearance in response to a proclamation published under sub section (i) of section 84 of BNSS is punishable u/s 209 BNS.
 - (3) Attempt to commit suicide to compel or restrain exercise of lawful power of public servant u/s 226 BNS.
 - (4) Petty theft on return of theft money and a person is convicted for the first time U/s 303(2) BNS.
 - (5) Misconduct in public by a drunken person u/s 355 BNS.
 - (6) Defamation u/s 356 BNS.
- Assault or use of criminal force to woman with intent to **disrobe** her u/s 76 of BNS and **Voyeurism** u/s 77 of BNS has been made **Gender neutral**. The offence relating to importation of a person from foreign country has also been made gender neutral to cover **both boys and girls in Section 141 of the BNS, 2023**. It will protect **the minor boys and girls** from being used for the purposes of forced or seduced illicit intercourse.
- Age based parameters for differential punishment (for gang rape of

- **a minor girl**) has been removed and now Section 70(2) prescribes life imprisonment (till remainder of that person's natural life) or death for gang rape of a woman **below the age of 18 years**.
- Definition of **Child** is added in Sec. 2 (3) and **transgender** has been included in the definition of 'Gender' Sec. 2(10) as any person including transgender with male and female. Uniformity has been introduced in the use of expression 'child' throughout the BNS, 2023 which is achieved by replacing the expression 'minor' and 'child under the age of eighteen years' with the word 'child'.
- Replacing 'Night' with 'after sunset and before sunrise'.
- Movable property includes tangible as well as intangible property. [Sec 2 (21)]
- Section 303 (2) of the BNS, 2023 presents a fine example of deterrence and reformative approach of punishment. On the one hand, for a second conviction of any person 'for theft', the section prescribes a higher punishment up to 5 years with a mandatory minimum of 1 year, on the other hand where the value of stolen property is less than 5,000 rupees and the first-time offender restores the stolen property, the punishment of community service has only been prescribed.

Annexures I to V Showing All Major and Important Changes in BNS in Comparison of IPC

- List of new sections and partly added provisions in BNS is Annexure-I
- List of IPC sections, which have been deleted/repealed in BNS is Annexure-II
- List of sections, in which punishment of imprisonment has been increased in BNS is Annexure-III
- ➤ List of sections, where punishment of fine has been enhanced in BNS is Annexure-IV
- List of sections, in which Mandatory Minimum Punishment Introduced in BNS is Annexure-V

Legal Provisions of BNS Highlighting Changes, New Addition, Punishment and Nature of Offence

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC			
	CHAPTER I				
	PRELIMINARY				
Sec. 1 (1) to (6)	Short title, commencement and application	S. 1 - S. 5			
Sec. 2 (1) to (39)	Definitions, In this Sanhita, unless the context otherwise requires,— (3) "Child" means any person below the age of eighteen years;	S. 6 to 52A New section			
	 (10) "gender".—The pronoun "he" and its derivatives are used of any person, whether male, female or transgender. Explanation.— "transgender" shall have the meaning assigned to it in Sec. (k) of section 2 of the Transgender Persons (Protection of Rights) Act, 2019; 	New Addition			
	(21) "movable property" includes property of every description, except land and things attached to the earth or permanently fastened to anything which is attached to the earth;(39) words and expressions used but not defined in this Sanhita but defined in the Information Technology Act, 2000 and the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in that Act and Sanhita	New addition			
Sec. 3 (1) to (9)	General explanations	S.6, S.7, S.27, S.32, S.34, S.35-S.38			

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC			
	CHAPTER-II				
	OF PUNISHMENTS				
Sec. 4	Punishments	S. 53			
	(f) Community Service as Punishment has been added in BNS	New Provision			
Sec. 5	Commutation of sentence	S.54 - S.55A			
Sec. 6	Fractions of terms of punishment	S. 57			
	In calculating fractions of terms of punishment, imprisonment for life shall be reckoned as equivalent to imprisonment for twenty years unless otherwise provided.				
Sec. 7	Sentence may be (in certain cases of imprisonment) wholly or partly rigorous or simple	S. 60			
Sec. 8 (1) to (7)	Amount of fine, liability in default of payment of fine, etc. Note: Punishment and fine Increased	S.63 to S.70			
Sec. 9 (1) to (2)	Limit of punishment of offence made up of several offences	S.71			
Sec. 10	Punishment of person guilty of one of several offences, judgment stating that it is doubtful of which	S.72			
Sec. 11	Solitary confinement	S.73			
Sec. 12	Limit of solitary confinement	S.74			
Sec. 13	Enhanced punishment for certain offences after previous conviction	S.75			
	CHAPTER-III				
	GENERAL EXCEPTIONS				
Sec. 14	Act done by a person bound or by mistake of fact believing himself bound, by law	S. 76			
Sec. 15	Act of judge when acting judicially	S. 77			
Sec. 16	Act done pursuant to judgement or order of court	S. 78			

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec. 17	Act done by a person justified, or by mistake of fact believing himself justified by law	S. 79
Sec. 18	Accident in doing a lawful act	S. 80
Sec. 19	Act likely to cause harm but done without criminal intent and to prevent other harm	S. 81
Sec. 20	Act of a child under seven years of age	S. 82
Sec. 21	Act of a child above seven and under twelve years of age of immature understanding	S. 83
Sec. 22	Act of a person of unsound mind	S. 84
Sec. 23	Act of person incapable of judgment by reason of intoxication caused against his will	S. 85
Sec. 24	Offence requiring intent or knowledge committed by one who is intoxicated	S. 86
Sec. 25	Act not intended and not known to be likely to cause death or grievous hurt, done by consent	S. 87
Sec. 26	Act not intended to cause death, done by consent in good faith for person's benefit	S. 88
Sec. 27	Act done in good faith for benefit of child or person of unsound mind, by, or by consent of guardian	S. 89
Sec. 28	Consent known to be given under fear or misconception	S. 90
Sec. 29	Exclusion of acts which are offences independently of harm caused	S. 91
Sec. 30	Act done in good faith for benefit of a person without consent	S. 92
Sec. 31	Communication made in good faith	S. 93
Sec. 32	Act to which a person is compelled by threats	S. 94
Sec. 33	Act causing slight harm	S. 95
OF RIGHT OF PRIVATE DEFENCE		
Sec. 34	Things done in private defence	S. 96
Sec. 35	Right of private defence of body and of property	S. 97
Sec. 36	Right of private defence against act of a person of unsound mind, etc.	S. 98

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec. 37	Acts against which there is no right of private defence	S. 99
Sec. 38	When right of private defence of the body extends to causing death	S. 100
Sec. 39	When such right extends to causing any harm other than death	S. 101
Sec. 40	Commencement and continuance of the right of private defence of the body	S. 102
Sec. 41	When right of private defence of property extends to Causing death	S. 103
Sec. 42	When such right extends to causing any harm other than death	S. 104
Sec. 43	Commencement and continuance of the right of private defence of property	S. 105
Sec. 44	Right of private defence against deadly assault when there is risk of harm to innocent person	S. 106
	CHAPTER-IV	
OF	ABETMENT, CRIMINAL CONSPIRACY AND ATTE	MPT
Sec. 45	Abetment of a thing	S. 107
Sec. 46	Abettor	S. 108
Sec. 47	Abetment in India of offences outside India	S. 108A
Sec. 48	Abetment outside India for offence in India	New
	A person abets an offence within the meaning of this Sanhita who, without and beyond India, abets the commission of any act in India which would constitute an offence if committed in India.	provision
	(Illustration- A, in country X, instigates B, to commita murder in India, A is guilty of abetting murder)	
Sec. 49	Punishment of abetment if act abetted is committed in consequence and where no express provision is made for its punishment	S. 109
	Cognizable and Non-Cognizable offence according to offence and punishable with same as for offence abetted	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec. 50	Punishment of abetment if person abetted does act with different intention from that of abettor	S. 110
	Cognizable and Non-Cognizable offence according to offence and punishable with same as for offence abetted	
Sec. 51	Liability of abettor when one act abetted and different act done	S. 111
	Cognizable and Non-Cognizable offence according to offence and punishable for the offence intended to be abetted	
Sec. 52	Abettor when liable to cumulative punishment for act abetted and for act done	S. 112
	Cognizable and Non-Cognizable offence according to offence and punishable with same as for offence abetted	
Sec. 53	Liability of abettor for an effect caused by act abetted different from that intended by abettor	S. 113
	Cognizable or Non-Cognizable according as offence abetted and punishable with same as for offence committed	
Sec. 54	Abettor present when offence is committed	S. 114
	Cognizable or Non-Cognizable according as offence abetted and punishable with same as for offence committed	
Sec. 55	Abetment of offence punishable with death or imprisonment for life	S. 115
	Cognizable or Non-Cognizable according to the offence abetted and punishable with (1) imprisonment for 7 years and fine	
	(2) imprisonment for 14 years and fine, if act is done	
Sec. 56	Abetment of offence punishable with imprisonment	S. 116
	Cognizable or Non-Cognizable , according to the offence abetted.	
	Punishable with imprisonment extended to	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	(1) One fourth of the longest term provided for the offence, or fine, or both.	
	(2) One half of the longest term provided for the offence, or fine, or both, if the abettor or the person abetted is a public servant.	
Sec. 57	Abetting commission of offence by public or by more than ten persons	S. 117
	Cognizable or Non-Cognizable , according to the offence abetted.	
	Punishable for imprisonment for 7 years and fine. Note: Punishment increased	
Sec. 58	Concealing design to commit offence punishable with death or imprisonment for life	S. 118
	Cognizable or Non-Cognizable, according to the offence abetted	
	(a) if that offence be committed, be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to seven years; or	
	(b) if the offence be not committed, with imprisonment of either description, for a term which may extend to three years, and shall also be liable to fine.	
Sec. 59	Public servant concealing design to commit offence which it is his duty to prevent	S. 119
	Cognizable or Non-Cognizable , according to the offence abetted is	
	Punishable with imprisonment extending to	
	(a) One half of the longest term provided for the offence, or fine, or both, if offence be committed	
	(b) Imprisonment for 10 years, if offence is punishable with death or life	
	(c) One fourth of the longest term provided for the offence, or fine, or both, if offence is not committed	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec. 60	Concealing design to commit offence punishable with imprisonment	S. 120
	Cognizable or Non-Cognizable , according to the offence abetted is	
	Punishable with imprisonment extending to	
	(a) One fourth of the longest term provided for the offence, or fine, or both, if offence be committed	
	(b) One eighth part of the longest term provided for the offence, or fine, or both, if offence be not committed	
	OF CRIMINAL CONSPIRACY	
Sec. 61	Criminal Conspiracy	S. 120A -
	Cognizable or Non-Cognizable, according to the offence which is the object of conspiracy is,	S. 120B
	(2) (a) To commit an offence punishable with death, imprisonment for life or RI for two years or above or where no express provision is made in this Sanhita for the conspiracy shall be punished in the same manner as if he had abetted such offence.	
	(2) (b) In other cases, not mentioned in (a) above, shall be punished with Imprisonment not exceeding 6 months, or with fine, or with both	
	OF ATTEMPT	
Sec. 62	Punishment for attempting to commit offences punishable with imprisonment for life or other imprisonment	S. 511
	Cognizable or Non-Cognizable , according to the offence abetted is	
	Punishable with imprisonment extending to One half of the imprisonment for life, or imprisonment not exceeding one half of the longest term provided for the offence, or with fine, or with both	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC			
CHAPTER-V					
	OF OFFENCES AGAINST WOMEN AND CHILD				
	OF SEXUAL OFFENCES				
Sec. 63	Rape	S. 375			
Sec. 64	Punishment for rape	S. 376			
	Cognizable offence punishable with	(1), (2)			
	(1) Rigorous imprisonment for not less than 10 years, but may extend to imprisonment for life and fine				
	(2) Rigorous imprisonment for not less than 10 years but may extend to imprisonment for life which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life and fine				
Sec. 65	Punishment for rape in certain cases	S. 376 (3)			
	(1) Rape on woman under 16 years of age				
	Cognizable offence				
	Punishable with rigorous imprisonment for not less than 20 years but may extend to imprisonment for life which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life and also be liable to fine				
	(2) Rape on woman under 12 years of age	S. 376 AB			
	Cognizable offence				
	Punishable with rigorous imprisonment for not less than 20 years but may extend to imprisonment for life which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life and with fine or with death				
Sec. 66	Punishment for causing death or resulting in persistent vegetative state of victim	S. 376 A			
	Cognizable offence				
	punishable with rigorous imprisonment for not less than 20 years but may extend to imprisonment for life which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life or with death				

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec. 67	Sexual intercourse by husband upon his wife during separation	S. 376 B
	Cognizable offence (only on the complaint of the Victim)	
	Punishable with imprisonment for not less than 2 years which may extend to 7 years and fine	
Sec. 68	Sexual intercourse by a person in authority	S. 376 C
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with rigorous imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than 5 years but which may extend to 10 years and shall also be liable to fine	
Sec. 69	Sexual intercourse by employing deceitful means, etc. Whoever, by deceitful means or by making promise to marry to a woman without any intention of fulfilling the same, has sexual intercourse with her, such sexual intercourse not amounting to the offence of rape, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term, which may extend to ten years and shall also be liable to fine Cognizable offence	New Provision
Sec. 70	(1) Gang Rape	S. 376 D
(1)	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with rigorous imprisonment for not less than 20 years but may extend to imprisonment for life which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life and fine	
(2)	(2) Gang rape on women under the age of 18	ЪТ
(2)	(Age increased from 16 years to 18 years in this offence)	New Provision
	Cognizable offence	
	Where a woman under 18 years of age is raped by one or more persons constituting a group or acting in furtherance of a common intention, each of those	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	persons shall be deemed to have committed the offence of rape and shall be punished with imprisonment for life, which shall mean imprisonment for the remainder of that person's natural life, and with fine, or with death	
	Note: To remove age based parameters	
Sec. 71	Punishment for Repeat offenders (Sec. 64, 65, 66, 70)	376-E
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for life which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life or with death	
Sec. 72	Disclosure of identity of victim of certain offences etc.	S.228A
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for 2 Years and fine.	
	Note- Earlier Sec. 228A of IPC covers both. Now two separate offences have been made in Sec. 72 &	
	Sec. 73 of BNS	
Sec. 73	Printing of publishing any matter relating to court proceedings without permission	S.228A
	Cognizable offence punishable with imprisonment for 2 years and fine.	
OI	F CRIMINAL FORCE AND ASSAULT AGAINST WON	MEN
Sec. 74	Assault or use of criminal force to woman with intent to outrage her modesty	S.354
	Cognizable offence. Whoever assaults or uses criminal force to any woman, intending to outrage or knowing it to be likely that he will thereby outrage her modesty, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than one year but which may extend to five years, and shall also be liable to fine	
Sec. 75	Sexual harassment	S.354A
	Cognizable offence punishable with	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	(2) Rigorous imprisonment with 3 years, or with fine, or with both for offence specified in section 75 (1) (i) (ii) (iii)	
	(3) imprisonment with 1 year, or with fine, or with both for offence specified in section 75 (1)(iv)	
Sec. 76	Assault or use of criminal force to women with intent to disrobe.	S.354B
	Whoever (Any Man who) assaults or uses criminal force to any woman or abets such act with the intention of disrobing or compelling her to be naked, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than three years but which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.	
	Cognizable offence	
	Note: This offence has been made gender neutral.	
Sec. 77	Voyeurism	S.354C
	Whoever (Any Man who) watches, or captures the image of a woman engaging in a private act in circumstances where she would usually have the expectation of not being observed either by the perpetrator or by any other person at the behest of the perpetrator or disseminates such image shall be punished on first conviction with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than one year, but which may extend to three years, and shall also be liable to fine, and be punished on a second or subsequent conviction, with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than three years, but which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.	
	Cognizable offence	
	Note: Now a woman can also be punished. (Gender Neutral)	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec. 78	Stalking	S.354 D
	Cognizable offence	
	Imprisonment up to 3 years and fine	
	In case of second or subsequent conviction, imprisonment up to 5 years and fine	
Sec. 79	Word gesture or act intended to insult modesty of a woman	S.509
	Cognizable offence	
	Imprisonment up to 3 years and fine	
	OF OFFENCES RELATING TO MARRIAGE	
Sec. 80	Dowry Death	S.304-B
	Cognizable offence	
	Imprisonment for not less than 7 years but which may extend to imprisonment for life	
Sec. 81	Cohabitation caused by a man deceitfully inducing belief of lawful marriage	S.493
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for ten years and fine.	
Sec. 82	Marrying again during lifetime of husband or wife	
	(1) Non Cognizable	S.494
	punishable with imprisonment for seven years and fine.	
	(2) Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for ten years and fine, if concealed with whom the subsequent marriage is contracted.	S.495
Sec. 83	Marriage ceremony, fraudulently gone through without lawful marriage	S.496
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment upto seven years and fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec. 84	Enticing or taking away or detaining with criminal intent a married woman	S.498
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for two years, or with fine or with both.	
Sec. 85	Husband or relative of husband of a woman subjecting her to cruelty	S.498A
	Cognizable (only on the complaint of the victim or her blood relative or notified public servant)	
	Punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three years and with fine.	
Sec. 86	Cruelty (Defined)	S.498A
Sec. 87	Kidnapping, abducting or inducing woman to compel her marriage, etc.	S.366
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for ten years and fine.	
Sec. 88	Causing miscarriage	S.312
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for three years, or fine or both. If the woman be quick with child, shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to seven years and with fine.	
	OF CAUSING MISCARRIAGE ETC	
Sec. 89	Causing miscarriage without woman's consent Cognizable	S.313
	punishable imprisonment for life or imprisonment for ten years and fine.	
Sec. 90 (1)	Death caused by act done with intent to cause miscarriage	S.314
	Cognizable	
	(1) punishable with imprisonment for ten years and fine	
	(2) if without consent, punishable imprisonment for life or as above.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec. 91	Act done with intent to prevent child being born alive or to cause to die after birth	S. 315
	Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for ten years or with fine or with both.	
Sec. 92	Causing death of quick unborn child by act amounting to culpable homicide	S. 316
	Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for ten years and fine.	
	OF OFFENCES AGAINST CHILD	
Sec. 94	Concealment of birth by secret disposal of dead body	S. 318
	Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for two years, or with fine, or with both	
Sec. 95	Hiring, employing or engaging a child to commit an offence	New offence
	Whoever hires, employs or engages any child to commit an offence shall be punished with imprisonment of either description which shall not be less than three years but which may extend to ten years, and with fine; and if the offence be committed shall also be punished with the punishment provided for that offence as if the offence has been committed by such person himself.	
	Explanation . —Hiring, employing, engaging or using a child forsexual exploitation or pornography is covered within the meaning of this section.	
	Cognizable offence	
Sec. 96	Procuration of child	S. 366A
	Whoever, by any means whatsoever, induces any child (earlier any minor girl under the age of 18 years) to go from any place or to do any act with intent that such child may be, or knowing that it is likely that such child	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	will be, forced or seduced to illicit intercourse with another person shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to ten years, and shall also be liable to fine.	
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for ten years and fine.\	
	Note: Minor girl has been replaced with Child to made the offence gender neutral	
Sec. 97	Kidnapping or abducting child under ten years of age with intent to steal from its person	S. 369
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for seven years and with fine.	
Sec. 98	Selling child for purposes of prostitution, etc	S. 372
	Whoever sells, lets to hire, or otherwise disposes of any child with intent that such child shall at any age be employed or used for the purpose of prostitution or illicit intercourse with any person or for any unlawful and immoral purpose, or knowing it to be likely that such child will at any age be employed or used for any such purpose, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to ten years, and shall also be liable to fine.	
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to ten years and shall also be liable to fine	
	Note: Any person under the age of eighteen years has been replaced with Child	
Sec. 99	Buying child for purpose of prostitution, etc	S. 373
	Whoever buys, hires or otherwise obtains possession of any child with intent that such child shall at any age be employed or used for the purpose of prostitution or	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	illicit intercourse with any person or for any unlawful and immoral purpose, or knowing it to be likely that such child will at any age be employed or used for any such purpose, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than seven years but which may extend to fourteen years, and shall also be liable to fine.	
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than seven years but may extend to fourteen years and shall also be liable to fine	
	Note: Minor has been replaced with Child	
	CHAPTER-VI	
	OF OFFENCES AFFECTING THE HUMAN BODY	
	OF OFFENCES AFFECTING LIFE	
Sec.100	Culpable homicide	S.299
Sec.101	Murder (Definition) Except in the cases here in after excepted, culpable homicide is murder, —	S.300
	(a) If the act by which the death is caused is done with the intention of causing death; or	
	(b) If the act by which the death is caused is done with the intention of causing such bodily injury as the offender knows to be likely to cause the death of the person to whom the harm is caused; or	
	(c) If the act by which the death is caused is done with the intention of causing bodily injury to any person and the bodily injury intended to be inflicted is sufficient in the ordinary course of nature to cause death; or	
	(d) If the person committing the act by which the death is caused, knows that it is so imminently dangerous that it must, in all probability, cause death, or such bodily injury as is likely to cause death, and	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	commits such act without any excuse for incurring the risk of causing death or such injury as aforesaid.	
	Note: (May read illustrations and exceptions thoroughly given in the Sanhita)	
Sec.102	Culpable homicide by causing death of person other than person whose death was intended	S.301
Sec.103	Punishment for murder	S.302
(1)	Cognizable punishable with death or imprisonment for life and fine.	
Sec.103 (2)	Punishment for murder, when a group of five or more persons acting in concert commits murder on the ground of race, caste or community, sex, place of birth, language, personal belief or any other similar ground each member of such group shall be punished with death or with imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine. Cognizable offence punishable with death or with imprisonment for life and fine. Comment:- Special categories have been created within the offence for murder and grievous hurt by group of five or more persons' on the grounds of the victim's social profile, particularly his 'race', caste or community, sex, place of birth, language, personal belief and any other grounds without specifically using the belief and any other grounds without specifically using the term 'mob lynching' for which a punishment of a minimum seven years of mandatory imprisonment has been provided. In case of causing 'grievous hurt' by group of five or more persons on the ground race, caste or community etc. the	New Provision
Co. 104	punishment is 7 years and fine.	C 202
Sec.104	Punishment for murder by life convict	S.303
	Whoever, being under sentence of imprisonment for life, commits murder, shall be punished with death or with imprisonment for life, which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with death or with imprisonment for life, which shall mean that the remainder of that person's natural life.	
	Note: Provision of life imprisonment also included	
Sec.105	Punishment for culpable homicide not amounting to murder	S.304
	Whoever commits culpable homicide not amounting to murder, shall be punished with imprisonment for life, or imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than five years but which may extend to ten years, and shall also be liable to fine, if the act by which the death is caused is done with the intention of causing death, or of causing such bodily injury as is likely to cause death; or with Imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to ten years and with fine, if the act is done with the knowledge that it is likely to cause death, but without any intention to cause death, or to cause such bodily injury as is likely to cause death.	
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for life, or imprisonment for not less than five years but which may extend to ten years and fine. If act be done with knowledge, than imprisonment for ten years and fine.	
	Note: Minimum Punishment of 5 years provided	
Sec.106 (1)	Causing death by negligence Whoever causes death of any person by doing any rash or negligent act not amounting to culpable homicide, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to five years, and shall also be liable to fine; and if such act is done by a registered medical practitioner while performing medical procedure, he shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to two years, and shall also be liable to fine. (Note- No Change for medical negligence)	S.304 A

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment for five years and fine Note: Punishment of imprisonment enhanced from 2 years to 5 years	
Sec.106 (2)	Punishment for not reporting of death caused by rash or negligent driving of vehicle and escapes from the spot.	New Provision
	Whoever causes death of any person by rash and negligent driving of vehicle not amounting to culpable homicide, and escapes without reporting it to a police officer or a Magistrate soon after the incident, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description of a term which may extend to ten years, and shall also be liable to fine.	
Sec.107	Abetment of suicide of child or person of unsound mind	S.305
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with death, imprisonment for life, or imprisonment for ten years and fine.	
Sec.108	Abetment of suicide	S.306
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for ten years and fine.	
Sec.109	Attempt to murder	S.307
	(1) punishable with Imprisonment for ten years and fine. If such act causes hurt to any person than with imprisonment for life, or as above.	
	(2) In case of life convict, he may, if hurt is cause, be punished with death or with imprisonment for life, which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life.	
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with Imprisonment for death or imprisonment for life which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life. Note: Punishment Increased	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.110	Attempt to commit culpable homicide	S.308
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with Imprisonment of either description which may extend to three years, or with fine or with both if hurt is caused, than imprisonment which may extend to seven years or with fine or with both.	
Sec.111	Organized crime	New
	(1) Any continuing unlawful activity including kidnapping, robbery, vehicle theft, extortion, land grabbing, contract killing, economic offence, cybercrimes, trafficking of persons, drugs, weapons or illicit goods or services, human trafficking for prostitution or ransom, by any person or a group of persons acting in concert, singly or jointly, either as a member of an organised crime syndicate or on behalf of such syndicate, by use of violence, threat of violence, intimidation, coercion, or by any other unlawful means to obtain direct or indirect material benefit including a financial benefit, shall constitute organised crime. The meaning of "organised crime syndicate" "continuing unlawful activity" and "Economic offence" has been given in the Explanation. Also the punishment is given in sub-section (2) to sub-section (7) of this section.	Provision
	Cognizable and punishable with	
	(2)(a) Death or imprisonment for life and fine not less than ten lakh rupees.	
	(2)(b) For not less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and fine of not less than five lakh rupees.	
	(3) For not less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and fine of not less than five lakh rupees.	
	(4) For not less than five years but which may extend to	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	imprisonment for life and fine of not less than five lakh rupees.	
	(5) For notless than three years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and fine of not less than five lakh rupees.	
	(6) For not less than three years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and fine of not less than two lakh rupees	
	(7) For not less than three years but which may extend to imprisonment for ten years and fine of rupees not less than one lakh rupees.	
Sec.112	Petty organised crime	New
	(1) Whoever, being a member of a group or gang, either singly or jointly, commits any act of theft, snatching, cheating, unauthorised selling of tickets, unauthorised betting or gambling, selling of public examination question papers or any other similar criminal act, is said to commit petty organised crime.	Provision
	Explanation.— For the purposes of this sub-section "theft" includes trick theft, theft from vehicle, dwelling house or business premises, cargo theft, pick pocketing, theft through card skimming, shoplifting and theft of Automated Teller Machine.	
	(2) Whoever commits any petty organised crime shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than one year but which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.	
	Cognizable offence	
Sec.113	Terrorist act	New
	(1) Whoever does any act with the intent to threaten or likely to threaten the unity, integrity, sovereignty, security, or economic security of India or with the intent to strike terror or likely to strike terror in the people or any section of the people in India or in any foreign country,	Provision

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	a) by using bombs, dynamite or other explosive substance or inflammable substance or fire arms or other lethal weapons or poisonous or noxious gases or other chemicals or by any other substance (whether biological, radioactive, nuclear or otherwise) of a hazardous nature or by any other means of whatever nature to cause or likely to cause,—	
	i) death of, or injury to, any person or persons; or	
	ii) loss of, or damage to, or destruction of, property; or	
	iii) disruption of any supplies or services essential to the life of the community in India or in any foreign country; or	
	iv) damage to, the monetary stability of India by way of production or smuggling or circulation of counterfeit Indian paper currency, coin or of any other material; or	
	v) damage or destruction of any property in India or in a foreign country used or intended to be used for the defence of India or in connection with any other purposes of the Government of India, any State Government or any of their agencies; or	
	b) overawes by means of criminal force or the show of criminal force or attempts to do so or causes death of any public functionary or attempts to cause death of any public functionary; or	
	c) detains, kidnaps or abducts any person and threatening to kill or injure such person or does any other act in order to compel the Government of India, any State Government or the Government of a foreign country or an international or intergovernmental organisation or any other person to do	
	or abstain from doing any act, commit a terrorist act.	
	Explanation.—For the purpose of this sub- section,	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	 i) "public functionary" means the constitutional authorities or any other functionary notified in the Official Gazette by the Central Government as public functionary; 	
	ii) "counterfeit Indian currency" means the counterfeit currency as may be declared after examination by an authorised or notified forensic authority that such currency imitates or compromises with the key security features of Indian currency.	
	 (2) Whoever commits a terrorist act shall, — i) if such offence has resulted in the death of any person, be punished with death or imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine; 	
	ii) in any other case, be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine.	
	(3) Whoever conspires or attempts to commit, or advocates, abets, advises or incites, directly or knowingly facilitates the commission of a terrorist act or any act preparatory to the commission of a terrorist act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine. Terrorist act.	
	(4) Whoever organises or causes to be organised any camp or camps for imparting training in terrorist act, or recruits or causes to be recruited any person or persons for commission of a terrorist act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine.	
	(5) Any person who is a member of an organisation which is involved in terrorist act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC	
	(6) Whoever voluntarily harbours or conceals, or attempts to harbour or conceal any person knowing that such person has committed a terrorist act shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than three years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine: Provided that this sub-section shall not apply to any case in which the harbour or concealment is by the spouse of the offender.		
	 (7) Whoever knowingly possesses any property derived or obtained from commission of any terrorist act or acquired through the commission of any terrorist act shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine. Explanation.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that the officer not below the rank of Superintendent of Police shall decide whether to register the case under this section or under the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967. 		
	Cognizable and punishable with		
	(2)(a) For death or imprisonment for life and fine.		
	(2)(b) For not less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and fine.		
	(3) For not less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and fine.		
	(4) For not less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and fine.		
	(5) For life and fine.		
	(6) For not less than three years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and fine.		
	(7) For life and fine.		
C - 114	OF HURT Sec 114 Hurt		
Sec.114	Hurt	S.319	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.115	Voluntarily causing hurt	S.321,
	Non-Cognizable	S.323
	Punishable with Imprisonment for one year or with fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees, or with both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.116	Grievous hurt	S.320
	(h) Any hurt which endangers life or which causes the sufferer to be during the space of fifteen days in severe bodily pain, or unable to follow his ordinary pursuits.	
	Note: In section 116 of the BNS, 2023 the number of days provided for the sufferer in severe bodily pain for the purpose of 'grievous hurt' has been reduced from '20 days' to '15 days'. It is done keeping in view the advancement in the medical treatment which provides quicker recovery.	
Sec.117	Voluntarily causing grievous hurt	S.322,
	Cognizable offence	S.325
	(2) punishable with Imprisonment for seven years and with fine.	
	(3) Grievous hurt causing permanent disability or persistent vegetative state	New Provision
	Punishment enhanced from 07 years to rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not less than ten years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, which shall mean imprisonment for the remainder of that person's natural life.	
	(4) Hurt caused by a mob	
	When a group of five or more persons acting in concert, causes grievous hurt to a person on the ground of his race, caste or community, sex, place of birth, language, personal belief or any other similar ground, each member of such group shall be guilty of the	New Provision

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	offence of causing grievous hurt, and shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.	
Sec.118	Voluntarily causing hurt or grievous hurt by dangerous weapons or means	S.324 S.326
	(1) Cognizable punishable with Imprisonment for three years, or fine of twenty thousand rupees, or both.	
	(2) Cognizable punishable with Imprisonment for life, or imprisonment for not less than one year but which may extend to ten years and with fine.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.119	Voluntarily causing hurt or grievous hurt to extort property or to constrain to an illegal act.	S.327 S. 329
	(1) Causing hurt for the purpose of extorting from the sufferer, or from any person interested in the sufferer, any property or valuable security, or of constraining the sufferer or any person interested in such sufferer to do anything which is illegal or which may facilitate the commission of an offence shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to ten years and fine.	
	(2) Punishable with Imprisonment for life, or imprisonment for ten years and fine in cases other than in (1) above.	
	Cognizable offence	
Sec.120	Voluntarily causing hurt or grievous hurt to extort confession, or to compel restoration of property	S.330 S.331
	Cognizable offence	
	(1) punishable with imprisonment for seven years and fine for voluntarily causing hurt.	
	(2) punishable with imprisonment for ten years and fine for voluntarily causing grievous hurt.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.121	Voluntarily causing hurt or grievous hurt to deter public servant from his duty	S.332- 333
	(1) punishable with imprisonment for five years, or fine or both for voluntarily causing hurt.	
	(2) punishable with imprisonment for not less than one year, or imprisonment for ten years and fine for voluntarily causing grievous hurt.	
	Cognizable offence	
	Note: Punishment Increased	
Sec.122	Voluntarily causing hurt or grievous hurt on provocation.	S.334 - S.335
	(1) Non-Cognizable punishable with imprisonment for one month, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both for voluntarily causing hurt.	
	(2) Cognizable punishable with imprisonment for five years, or fine of ten thousand rupees, or both for voluntarily causing grievous hurt.	
	Note: Punishment & Fine increased	
Sec.123	Causing hurt by means of poison, etc., with intent to commit an offence	S.328
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for ten years and with fine.	
Sec.124	Voluntarily causing grievous hurt by use of acid, etc.	S.326 A
	Cognizable offence	S.326 B
	(1) punishable with imprisonment for not less than ten years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and fine for voluntarily causing grievous hurt.	
	(2) punishable with imprisonment for five years, but which may extend to seven years and fine for voluntarily throwing or attempting to throw acid.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.125	Act endangering life or personal safety of others	S.336-
	Cognizable	S.338
	punishable with imprisonment for three months, or fine of two thousand rupees, or both but	
	(a) if hurt is caused, imprisonment for six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	(b) if grievous hurt is caused, imprisonment for three years, or fine of ten thousand rupees, or both	
	Note: Punishment & fine increased	
Sec.126	Wrongful restraint	S.339,
	Cognizable offence	S.341
	punishable with simple imprisonment for one month, or fine of five thousand rupees, or with both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.127	Wrongful confinement	S.340,
	Cognizable offence	S.342
	(2) Punishable with imprisonment for one year, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	to S.348
	(3) If confined for three or more days, punishable with imprisonment for three years, or fine of ten thousand rupees, or both.	
	(4) If confined for ten or more days, punishable with imprisonment for five years, or fine of ten thousand rupees.	
	(5) If a writ has been issued for his liberation than with imprisonment for two years, in addition to any term of imprisonment under any other section and fine.	
	(6) If confined in secrete, with imprisonment for three years, in addition to other punishment for which he is liable to and fine.	
	(7) If confined for extorting property etc, punishable with imprisonment for three years and fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	(8) If confined for extorting confession etc, punishable with imprisonment for three years and fine.	
	Note: Punishment & fine increased	
	OF CRIMINAL FORCE AND ASSAULT	
Sec.128	Force	S.349
Sec.129	Criminal force	S.350
Sec.130	Assault	S.351
Sec.131	Punishment for assault or criminal force otherwise than on grave provocation	S.352
	Non-cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for three months, or fine of one thousand rupees, or both	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.132	Assault or criminal force to deter public servant from discharge of his duty	S.353
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine, or both	
Sec.133	Assault or criminal force with intent to dishonor person, otherwise than on grave provocation	S.355
	Non-cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine, or both	
Sec.134	Assault or criminal force in attempt to commit theft of property carried by a person	S.356
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine, or both	
Sec.135	Assault or criminal force in attempt to wrongfully to confine a person	S.357
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for one year, or fine of	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.136	Assault or criminal force on grave and sudden provocation	S.358
	Non-Cognizable	
	punishable with simple imprisonment for one month, or fine of one thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
OF KID	NAPPING, ABDUCTION, SLAVERY AND FORCED	LABOUR
Sec.137	Kidnapping	S.359 -
	Cognizable offence	S.361, S.363
	punishable with imprisonment for seven years and fine.	0.303
Sec.138	Abduction	S.362
Sec.139	Kidnapping or maiming a child for purposes of begging	S.363A
	Cognizable offence	
	(1) If kidnapping is for begging, punishable with rigorous imprisonment not less than ten years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and fine.	
	(2) If kidnapping for maiming and begging, punishable with imprisonment not be less than 20 years which may extend to remainder of that person's natural life, and fine.	
Sec.140	Kidnapping or abducting in order to murder or for	S.364-
	ransom etc.	S.365,
	Cognizable offence	S.367
	(1) If for murder, punishable with imprisonment life, or rigorous imprisonment for ten years, and fine.	
	(2) If for ransom etc. punishable with death, or imprisonment for life and fine.	
	(3) If for secretly or wrongfully confining, punishable with seven years and fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	(4) If for grievous hurt, slavery etc. punishable with imprisonment for ten years and fine.	
Sec.141	Importation of girl or boy from foreign country	S.366 B
	The offence relating to importation of a person from foreign country has been made gender neutral to cover both boys and girls. It will protect the minor boys and girls from being used for the purposes of forced or seduced illicit intercourse.	
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for ten years and fine.	
Sec.142	Wrongfully concealing or keeping in confinement, kidnapped or abducted person	S.368
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with same as punishment for kidnapping or abduction.	
Sec.143	Trafficking of person	S.370
	'Beggary' has been introduced as a form of exploitation for trafficking and has been made punishable in this section	
	Cognizable offence	
	(2) punishable with rigorous imprisonment not less than seven years but which may extend to ten years and fine.	
	(3) Trafficking of more than one person. punishable with rigorous imprisonment for not less than ten years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and fine.	
	(4) Trafficking of a child. punishable with rigorous imprisonment not less than ten years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and fine.	
	(5) Trafficking of more than one child. punishable with rigorous imprisonment not less than fourteen years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	(6) If convicted for trafficking of child on more than one occasion. punishable with imprisonment for life which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life and fine.	
	(7) If public servant or police officer is involved in trafficking of child. punishable with imprisonment for life which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life and fine.	
Sec. 144	Exploitation of a trafficked person	S.370A
	Cognizable offence	
	(1) If child has been trafficked, punishable with rigorous imprisonment not less than five years but which may extend to ten years and fine.	
	(2) If any person has been trafficked, punishable with rigorous imprisonment for not less than three years but which may extend to seven years and fine.	
	Note: Punishment increased	
Sec. 145	Habitual dealing in slaves	S.371
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for life or either term not exceeding ten years and with fine.	
Sec. 146	Unlawful compulsory labour	S.374
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for one year, or fine or with both.	
CHAPTER VII		
OF OFFENCES AGAINST STATE		
Sec. 147	Waging or attempting to wage war, or abetting waging of war against Government of India	S.121
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with death, imprisonment for life and fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec. 148	Conspiracy to commit offences punishable by u/s 147	S.121A
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for life, or imprisonment for ten years and with fine.	
Sec. 149	Collecting arms, etc. , with intention of waging war against government of India	S.122
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for life, or either description for a term not exceeding ten years and with fine.	
Sec. 150	Concealing with intent to facilitate design to wage war	S.123
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment of either description for a term not exceeding ten years and with fine.	
Sec. 151	Assaulting President, Governor, etc, with intent to compel or restrain exercise of any lawful power	S.124
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment of either description for a term not exceeding seven years and with fine.	
Sec. 152	Acts endangering sovereignty, unity and integrity of India	New Provision
	Whoever, purposely or knowingly, by words, either spoken or written, or by signs, or by visible representation, or by electronic communications or by use of financials mean, or otherwise, or excites or attempt to excite, secessions or armed rebellion or subversive activities, or encourages feelings of separatist activities or endangers sovereignty or unity and integrity of India , or indulge in or commits any such act shall be punished.	
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for life, or imprisonment which may extend to seven years and with fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec. 153	Waging war against foreign state at peace with Government of India	S.125
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for life to which fine may be added or with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to seven years to which fine may be added or with fine.	
Sec. 154	Depredation on territories of foreign state at peace with Government of India	S.126
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for seven years and fine and forfeiture of certain property acquired by such depredation.	
Sec. 155	Receiving property taken by war or depredation mentioned in sections 153 and 154	S.127
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment which may extend to seven years and with fine and forfeiture of property so received.	
Sec. 156	Public servant voluntarily allowing prisoner of state or war to escape	S.128
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for life, or imprisonment which may extend to ten years and with fine.	
Sec. 157	Public servant negligently suffering prisoner to escape	S.129
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with simple imprisonment which may extend to three years and fine.	
Sec. 158	Aiding escape of, rescuing or harboring such prisoner.	S.130
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for life, or imprisonment which may extend to ten years and fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC	
	CHAPTER VIII		
OF OF	OF OFFENCES RELATING TO THE ARMY, NAVY AND AIR FORCE		
Sec. 159	Abetting mutiny, or attempting to seduce a soldier, sailor or airman from his duty.	S.131	
	Cognizable offence		
	punishable with imprisonment for life, or imprisonment for ten years and fine.		
Sec. 160	Abetment of mutiny, if mutiny is committed in consequence thereof	S.132	
	Cognizable offence		
	punishable with death, or imprisonment for life, or imprisonment which may extend to ten years and fine.		
Sec. 161	Abetment of assault by soldier, sailor or airman on his superior officer, when in execution of his office.	S.133	
	Cognizable offence		
	punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three years and fine.		
Sec. 162	Abetment of such assault, if the assault committed.	S.134	
	Cognizable offence		
	punishable with imprisonment which may extend to seven years and fine.		
Sec. 163	Abetment of desertion of soldier, sailor or airman.	S.135	
	Cognizable offence		
	punishable with imprisonment which may extend to two years, or fine or both.		
Sec. 164	Harboring deserter.	S.136	
	Cognizable offence		
	punishable with imprisonment which may extend to two years ,or fine or both.		

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec. 165	Deserter concealed on board merchant vessel through negligence of master.	S.137
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with fine of three thousand rupees.	
Sec. 166	Abetment of act of insubordination by soldier, sailor or airman.	S.138
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine or both.	
Sec.167	Persons subject to certain Acts.	S.139
	No person subject to the Airforce Act, Army Act and Navy Act or shall be subject to punishment under this Sanhita for the offences defined in this chapter.	
Sec.168	Wearing garb or carrying token used by soldier, sailor or airman.	S.140
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for three months, or fine of two thousand rupees or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
	CHAPTER IX	
	OF OFFENCES RELATING TO ELECTIONS	
Sec.169	Candidate, electoral right defined	S.171 A
Sec.170	Bribery	S.171 B
Sec.171	Undue influence at elections	S.171 C
Sec.172	Personation at elections	S.171 D
Sec.173	Punishment for bribery	S.171 E
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for one year or fine or both or if treating only, fine only.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.174	Punishment for undue influence or personation at an election.	S.171F
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for one year or fine or both.	
Sec.175	False statement in connection with an election.	S.171 G
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with fine.	
Sec.176	Illegal payments in connection with an election.	S.171 H
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with fine of ten thousand rupees.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.177	Failure to keep election accounts.	S.171I
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with fine of five thousand rupees.	
	Note: Fine increased	
	CHAPTER X	
OI	F OFFENCES RELATING TO COIN, CURRENCY NO BANKNOTES, AND GOVERNMENT STAMPS	TES,
Sec.178	Counterfeiting coin, government stamps, currency- notes or bank-notes	S.230, S.232
	Cognizable offence	S.246,
	punishable with imprisonment for life, or with	S.249
	imprisonment of either description, which may extend	S.255,
	to ten years and fine.	S.489 A
Sec.179	Using as genuine, forged or counterfeit coin, Government stamp, currency-notes or banknotes.	S.250, S.251
	Cognizable offence	S.258,
	punishable with imprisonment for life, imprisonment	S.260
	which may extend to ten years and fine.	S.489B

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.180	Possession of forged or counterfeit coin, Government stamp, currency-notes or bank-notes.	S.242, S.252,
	Cognizable offence	S.253, S.259,
	punishable with imprisonment which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.	S.489C
Sec.181	Making or possessing instruments or materials for forging or counterfeiting coin, Government stamp, currency notes or bank-notes.	S.233, S.235, S.256,
	Cognizable offence	S.257, S.489D
	punishable with imprisonment for life, imprisonment which may extend to ten years and with fine.	
Sec.182	Making or using documents resembling currency-notes or bank-notes	S.489 E
	Non Cognizable	
	(1) punishable with fine of 300 rupees.	
	(2) punishable with fine of 600 rupees.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.183	Effacing writing from substance bearing Government stamp, or removing from document a stamp used for it, with intent to cause loss to Government	S.261
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.	
Sec.184	Using Government stamp known to have been before used	S.262
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both.	
Sec.185	Erasure of mark denoting that stamp has been used	S.263
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.186	Prohibition of fictitious stamps	S.263 A
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with fine of two hundred rupees.	
	Such stamp die plate etc may be seized and if seized be forfeited.	
Sec.187	Person employed in mint causing coin to be of different weight or composition from that fixed by law	S.244
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for seven years and fine.	
Sec.188	Unlawfully taking coining instrument from mint	S.245
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for seven years and fine.	
	CHAPTER XI	
	OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PUBLIC TRANQUILIT	ГҮ
Sec.189	Unlawful assembly	S.141
	Cognizable offence	S.145, S.150
	(2) Punishable with imprisonment for six months, or with fine or with both.	S.151, S.157
	(3) If joining or continuing in an Unlawful assembly. Punishable with imprisonment which may extend to two years, or with fine or with both.	S.158
	(4) If joining an Unlawful assembly with deadly weapons. Cognizable punishable with imprisonment for two years, with fine or with both.	
	(5) If knowingly joining or continuing, when commanded to disperse. Imprisonment for 6 months, with fine or with both.	
	(6) When hiring, engaging etc to take part. Punishable with the same for as far a member of such assembly, and for any offence committed by any member of such assembly.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	(7) Harboring. punishable with imprisonment for six months, with fine or with both.	
	(8) Being hired to take part. punishable with imprisonment for six months, with fine or with both.	
	(9) To go armed. with imprisonment for two years, with fine or with both	
Sec.190	Every member of unlawful assembly guilty of offence committed in prosecution of common object.	S.149
	According as offence is cognizable or non-cognizable	
Sec.191	Rioting	S.146-148
	Cognizable offence	
	(2) punishable with imprisonment for two years, or with fine, or with both.	
	(3) If armed with deadly weapon, punishable with imprisonment for five years, with fine or with both.	
	Note: Punishment increased	
Sec.192	Wantonly giving provocation with intent to cause riot if rioting be committed, if not committed	S.153
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for one years, if not committed then imprisonment for six months, or fine, or both.	
Sec.193	Liability of owner, occupier, etc of land on which an	S.154
	unlawful assembly or riot takes place	S.156
	Non Cognizable	
	(1) If information is not given punishable with fine one thousand rupees.	
	(2) If for some person benefit, punishable with fine.	
	(3) If for agent of owner or occupier benefit, punishable with fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.194	Affray	S.159
	Cognizable offence	S.160
	punishable with imprisonment for one month, or fine of one thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.195	Assaulting or obstructing public servant when suppressing riot etc.	S.152
	(1) Cognizable , punishable with imprisonment for three years, or fine not less than twenty-five thousand, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
	(2) Non-Cognizable, Whoever threatens to assault or attempts to obstruct any public servant or threatens or attempts to use criminal force to any public servant in the discharge of his duty as such public servant is endeavoring to disperse an unlawful assembly, or to suppress a riot or affray, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one years, or with fine, or with both	New Provision
Sec.196	Promoting enmity between different groups on ground of religion, race, place of birth, residence, language etc. and doing acts prejudicial to maintenance of harmony	S.153 A
	(1) Cognizable punishable with imprisonment for three years or fine, or both	
	(2) If promoting enemity between classes, place of worship, religious assembly or ceremonies etc. Cognizable, punishable with imprisonment for five years and fine.	
Sec.197	Imputations, assertions prejudicial to national integration	S.153B New
	In Section 197(1)(d) of BNS, the act of making or publishing false or misleading information which has tendency to jeopardize the sovereignty, unity and integrity or security of India has been made an offence	Provision

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	Cognizable offence	
	(1) punishable with imprisonment for three years, or fine, or both	
	(2) If committed in place of worship etc. punishable with imprisonment for five years and fine.	
	CHAPTER XII	
O	F OFFENCES BY OR RELATING TO PUBLIC SERVA	NTS
Sec.198	Public servant disobeying law, with intent to cause injury to any person	S.166
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with simple imprisonment for one year, or fine, or both	
Sec.199	Public servant disobeying direction under law.	S.166 A
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with rigorous imprisonment for not less than 6 months which may extend to 2 years and fine.	
Sec.200	Punishment for non-treatment of victim.	S.166 B
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for oneyear, or fine, or both	
Sec.201	Public servant framing incorrect document with intent to cause injury.	S.167
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for three years, or fine, or both	
Sec.202	Public servant unlawfully engaging in trade.	S.168
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with simple imprisonment for one year, or fine, or both or community service.	
Sec.203	Public servant unlawfully buying or bidding for property.	S.169

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with simple imprisonment for two years, or fine, or both and confiscation of property, if purchased.	
Sec.204	Personating public servant.	S.170
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for not less than six months but which may extend to three years and fine.	
Sec.205	Wearing garb or carrying token used by public servant with fraudulent intent.	S.171
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for three months or fine of five thousand rupees or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
OF	CHAPTER XIII CONTEMPT OF THE LAWFUL AUTHORITY OF PU SERVANTS	BLIC
Sec.206	Absconding to avoid service of summons or other proceeding.	S.172
	Non Cognizable	
	(a) punishable with simple imprisonment for one month, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	(b) punishable with simple imprisonment for six months, or fine of ten thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec. 207	Preventing service of summons or other proceeding, or preventing publication thereof.	S.173
	Non Cognizable	
	(a) punishable with simple imprisonment for one month, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	(b) punishable with simple imprisonment for six months, or fine of ten thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec. 208	Non-attendance in obedience to an order from public servant.	S.174
	Non Cognizable	
	(a) punishable with simple imprisonment for one month, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	(b) punishable with simple imprisonment for six months, or fine of ten thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.209	Non-appearance in response to a proclamation under section 84 of Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023.	S.174A
	Cognizable offence	
	punishable with imprisonment for three years, or fine, or both or community service. If declaration, has been made under sub section (IV) of Section 84 BNS punishable with imprisonment for seven years and fine.	
Sec.210	Omission to produce document or electronic record to public servant by person legally bound to produce it.	S.175
	Non Cognizable	
	(a) punishable with simple imprisonment for one month, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	(b) punishable with simple imprisonment for six months, or fine of ten thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.211	Omission to give notice or information to public servant by person legally bound to give it.	S.176
	Non Cognizable	
	(a) punishable with simple imprisonment for one month, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	(b) punishable with simple imprisonment for six months, or fine of ten thousand rupees, or both.	
	(c) punishable with simple imprisonment for six months, or fine of one thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.212	Furnishing false information.	S.177
	Non Cognizable	
	(a) punishable with simple imprisonment for six month, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	(b) punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.213	Refusing oath or affirmation when duly required by public servant to make it.	S.178
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with simple imprisonment for six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.214	Refusing to answer public servant authorised to question.	S.179
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with simple imprisonment for six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.215	Refusing to sign statement.	S.180
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with simple imprisonment for three months, or fine of three thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.216	False statement on oath or affirmation to public servant or person authorized to administer an oath or affirmation.	S.181
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for three years and fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.217	False information, with intent to cause public servant to use his lawful power to injury of another person.	S.182
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for one year or fine of ten thousand rupees or both.	
	Note: Punishment & Fine increased	
Sec.218	Resistance to taking of property by lawful authority of a public servant.	S.183
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for six months or fine of ten thousand rupees or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.219	Obstructing sale of property offered for sale by authority of public servant.	S.184
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for one month or fine of five thousand rupees or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.220	Illegal purchase or bid for property offered for sale by authority of public servant.	S.185
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for one month, or fine of two hundred rupees or both.	
Sec.221	Obstructing public servant in discharge of public functions.	S.186
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for three months or fine of two thousand five hundred rupees or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.222	Omission to assist public servant when bound by law to give assistance.	S.187

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	Non Cognizable	
	(a) punishable with simple imprisonment for one month or fine of two thousand five hundred rupees or both.	
	(b) punishable with imprisonment for six months or fine of five thousand rupees or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.223	Disobedience to order duly promulgated by public servant.	S.188
	Cognizable offence	
	(a) punishable with simple imprisonment for six months or fine of two thousand five hundred rupees or both.	
	(b) Cognizable punishable with imprisonment for one year or fine of five thousand rupees or both.	
	Note: Punishment & Fine increased	
Sec.224	Threat of injury to public servant.	S.189
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine or both.	
Sec.225	Threat of injury to induce person to refrain from applying for protection to public servant.	S.190
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for one year, or fine or both.	
Sec.226	Attempt to commit suicide to compel or restraint exercise of lawful power	New Section
	A new Section 226 has been added in the BNS, 2023 to punish those who attempt to commit suicide with the intent to compel or restrain the exercise of any lawful power by a public servant.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with imprisonment for one year, or fine or both, or community service.	
	CHAPTER XIV	
OF FAI	SE EVIDENCE AND OFFENCES AGAINST PUBLIC	JUSTICE
Sec.227	Giving false evidence (Definition)	S.191
Sec.228	Fabricating false evidence (Definition)	S.192
Sec.229	Punishment for false evidence	S.193
(1) & (2)	Non Cognizable	
	(1) punishable with imprisonment for seven years and ten thousand rupees.	
	(2) punishable with imprisonment for three years and five thousand rupees.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.230 (1) &	Giving or fabricating false evidence with intent to procure conviction of capital offence.	S.194
(2)	Non Cognizable	
	(1) punishable with imprisonment for life, or rigorous imprisonment for ten years and fifty thousand rupees.	
	(2) If innocent is convicted and executed. punishable with death, or as above.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.231	Giving or fabricating false evidence with intent to procure conviction of offence punishable with imprisonment of life or imprisonment.	S.195
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with the same as for the offence.	
Sec.232	Threatening any person to give false evidence.	S.195 A
(1) & (2)	Cognizable offence	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	(1) punishable with imprisonment for seven years, or fine or both.	
	(2) punishable with the same as for the offence	
Sec.233	Using evidence known to be false.	S.196
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with the same as for giving or fabricating false evidence.	
Sec.234	Issuing or signing false certificate.	S.197
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with the same as for giving or fabricating false evidence.	
Sec.235	Using as true a certificate known to be false.	S.198
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with the sa <mark>me as for givi</mark> ng or fabricating false evidence.	
Sec.236	False statement made in declaration which is by law receivable as evidence.	S.199
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with the same as for giving or fabricating false evidence.	
Sec.237	Using as true such declaration knowing it to be false.	S.200
	Non Cognizable	
	punishable with the same as for giving or fabricating false evidence.	
Sec.238	Causing disappearance of evidence of offence, or giving false information to screen offender.	S.201
	(a) If the offence punishable with death, shall be punished with imprisonment for seven years and fine. According to the offence Cognizable/ Non cognizable	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	(b) If the offence is punishable with imprisonment of life or imprisonment, which may extend to ten years shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to three years and fine. Non cognizable.	
	(c) If the offence is punishable with imprisonment of any term not exceeding ten years, shall be punished with imprisonment for 1/4th of the longest term provided for the offence, or fine, or both. Non cognizable.	
Sec.239	Intentional omission to give information of offence by person bound to inform.	S.202
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.240	Giving false information respecting an offence committed.	S.203
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine, or both.	
Sec.241	Destruction of document or electronic record to preventits production as evidence.	S.204
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for three years, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Punishment & Fine increased	
Sec.242	False personation for purpose of act or proceeding in suit or prosecution.	S.205
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for three years, or fine, or both.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.243	Fraudulent removal or concealment of property to prevent its seizure as forfeited or in execution.	S.206
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for three years, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Punishment & Fine increased	
Sec.244	Fraudulent claim to property to prevent its seizure as forfeited or in execution.	S.207
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine, or both.	
Sec.245	Fraudulently suffering decree for sum not due.	S.208
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine, or both.	
Sec.246	Dishonestly making false claim in Court.	S.209
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for two years and fine.	
Sec.247	Fraudulently obtaining decree for sum not due.	S.210
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine, or both.	
Sec.248	False charge of offence made with intent to injure.	S.211
	Non Cognizable	
	(a) Punishable with imprisonment for five years, or fine of two lakh rupees, or both.	
	(b) Punishable with imprisonment for ten years and fine.	
	Note: Punishment & Fine increased	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.249	Harboring offender	S.212
	Cognizable offence	
	(a) Punishable with imprisonment for five years and fine.	
	(b) If punishable imprisonment with life or imprisonment for ten years. Punishable with imprisonment for three years and fine.	
	(c) Punishable with imprisonment for one year and not for ten years. Punishable with imprisonment for 1/4th of the longest term, and of the description, provided for the offence, or fine or both.	
Sec.250	Taking gift, etc. to screen an offender from punishment.	S.213
	Cognizable offence	
	(a) if the offence is punishable with death, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to seven years and shall also be liable to fine.	
	(b) If punishable imprisonment with life or imprisonment for ten years shall be punished with imprisonment for three years and fine.	
	(c) Punishable with imprisonment for less than ten years shall be punished with imprisonment for 1/4th of the longest term provided for the offence, or fine or both.	
Sec.251	Offering gift or restoration of property in consideration of screening offender.	S.214
	Non Cognizable	
	(a) Punishable with imprisonment for seven years and fine.	
	(b) Punishable with imprisonment for three years and fine.	
	(c) Punishable with imprisonment for 1/4th of the longest term, provided for the offence, or fine or both.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.252	Taking gift to help to recover stolen property, etc.	S.215
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine or with fine	
Sec.253	Harboring offender who has escaped from custody or whose apprehension has been ordered.	S.216
	Cognizable offence	
	(a) Imprisonment for seven years and fine, if the offender of offence punishable with death has escaped	
	(b) Imprisonment for three years with or without fine. If the offender of offence punishable imprisonment with life or imprisonment for ten years has escaped.	
	(c) Imprisonment for 1/4th of the longest term provided for the offence, or fine, or both if the offender of offence punishable with imprisonment for one year and not to ten years has escaped.	
Sec.254	Penalty for harboring robbers or dacoits.	S.216A
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with rigorous imprisonment for seven years and fine.	
Sec.255	Public servant disobeying direction of law with intent to save person from punishment or property from forfeiture.	S.217
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine, or both.	
Sec.256	Public servant framing incorrect record or writing with intent to save person from punishment or property from forfeiture.	S.218
	Cognizable offence	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	Punishable with imprisonment for three years, or fine, or both	
Sec.257	Public servant in judicial proceeding corruptly making report, etc., contrary to law.	S.219
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for seven years, or fine, or both.	
Sec.258	Commitment for trial or confinement by person having authority who knows that he is acting contrary to law.	S.220
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for seven years, or fine, or both.	
Sec.259	Intentional omission to apprehend on part of public servant bound to apprehend.	S.221
	(a) Cognizable or Non cognizable as per offence. Punishable with imprisonment for seven years, with or without fine, If the subject was charged for the offence punishable with death	
	(b) Cognizable. Punishable with imprisonment for three years with or without fine. If the subject was charged for the offence punishable with imprisonment with life or imprisonment for ten years.	
	(c) Cognizable . Punishable with imprisonment for two years with or without fine, if the subject was charged for the offence punishable with imprisonment for less than ten Years.	
Sec.260	Intentional omission to apprehend on part of public servant bound to apprehend person under sentence or lawfully committed.	S.222
	Cognizable offence	
	(a) If offence is under sentence of death. Punishable with imprisonment for life, imprisonment for fourteen years, with or without fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	(b) If offence is under sentence of imprisonment for life or imprisonment for ten years, or upwards. Punishable with imprisonment for seven years with or without fine.	
	(c) If under sentence of imprisonment for less than ten years. Punishable with imprisonment for three years, or fine, or both.	
Sec.261	Escape from confinement or custody negligently suffered by public servant.	S.223
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine, or both.	
Sec.262	Resistance or obstruction by a person to his lawful apprehension.	S.224
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine, or both.	
Sec.263	Resistance or obstruction to lawful apprehension of another person.	S.225
	Cognizable offence.	
	Punishable with different type of punishments for clauses 'a to e' ranging from imprisonment for two years, imprisonment for life, imprisonment for ten years and fine etc.	
Sec.264	Omission to apprehend or sufferance of escape, on partof public servant, in cases not otherwise provided for.	S.225 A
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for three years/two years or fine, or both (clause a & b)	
Sec. 265	Resistance or obstruction to lawful apprehension or escape or rescue in cases not otherwise provided for.	S.225 B

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment for six months, or fine or both.	
Sec. 266	Violation of condition of remission of punishment.	S.227
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with punishment of original sentence, or if part of this punishment undergone, the residue.	
Sec.267	Intentional insult or interruption to public servant sitting in judicial proceeding.	S.228
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with simple imprisonment of six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.268	Personation of assessor.	S.229
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment of two years, or fine, or both.	
Sec.269	Failure by person released on bail or bond to appear in court.	S.229 A
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of one year, or fine, or both.	
	CHAPTER XV	
OF	OFFENCES AFFECTING THE PUBLIC HEALTH ,SAI CONVENIENCE, DECENCY AND MORALS	FETY,
Sec.270	Public nuisance	S.268
Sec.271	Negligent act likely to spread infection of disease dangerous to life.	S.269
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine, or both.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.272	Malignant act likely to spread infection of disease dangerous to life,	S.270
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of two years, or fine, or both.	
Sec.273	Disobedience to quarantine rule.	S.271
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine, or both.	
Sec.274	Adulteration of food or drink intended for sale.	S.272
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.275	Sale of noxious food o <mark>r drink</mark>	S.273
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.276	Adulteration of drugs	S.274
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment of one year, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Punishment & Fine increased	
Sec.277	Sale of adulterated drugs	S.275
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.278	Sale of drug as a different drug or preparation	S.276
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.279	Fouling water of public spring or reservoir	S.277
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Punishment & Fine increased	
Sec.280	Making atmosphere noxious to health	S.278
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment or fine of one thousand rupees.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.281	Rash driving or riding on a public way	S.279
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine of one thousand rupees, or both.	
Sec.282	Rash navigation of vessel	S.280
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine of ten thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.283	Exhibition of false light, mark or buoy	S.281
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of seven years and fine which shall not be less than ten thousand rupees.	
	Note: Fine increased	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.284	Conveying person by water for hire in unsafe or over loaded vessel	S.282
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.285	Danger or obstruction in public way or line of navigation	S.283
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with fine of five thousand rupees.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.286	Negligent conduct with respect to poisonous substance	S.284
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.287	Negligent conduct with respect to fire or combustible matter.	S.285
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of 6 months, or fine of two thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.288	Negligent conduct with respect to explosive substance	S.286
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.289	Negligent conduct with respect to machinery	S.287
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine of	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.290	Negligent conduct with respect to pulling down, repairing or constructing buildings, etc.	S.288
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.291	Negligent conduct with respect to animal	S.289
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.292	Punishment for public nuisance in cases not otherwise provided for.	S.290
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with fine of one thousand rupees.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.293	Continuance of nuisance after injunction to discontinue	S.291
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.294	Sale, etc., of obscene books, etc.	S.292
(1)& (2)	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of two years and fine of five thousand rupees and second or subsequent conviction imprisonment of five years and fine of ten thousand rupees.	
	Note: Fine increased	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.295	Sale, etc., of obscene objects to child	S.293
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of three years and fine of two thousand rupees and second or subsequent conviction imprisonment of seven years and fine of five thousand rupees.	
Sec.296	Obscene acts and songs	S.294
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of three months, or fine of one thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Fine increased	
Sec.297	Keeping lottery office	S.294 A
(1)&(2)	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment of six months, or fine, or both and if publishing proposal then fine of five thousand rupees.	
	Note: Fine increased	
	CHAPTER XVI	
	OF OFFENCES RELATING TO RELIGION	
Sec.298	Injuring or defiling place of worship with intent to insult religion of any class	S.295
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of two years, or fine, or both.	
Sec.299	Deliberate and malicious acts, intended to outrage religious feelings of any class by insulting its religion or religious beliefs	S.295A
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of three years, or fine, or both.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.300	Disturbing religious assembly	S.296
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of one year, or fine, or both.	
Sec.301	Trespassing on burial places, etc.	S.297
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of one year, or fine, or both.	
Sec.302	Uttering words etc., with deliberate intent to wound religious feelings of any person	S.298
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment of one year, or fine, or both.	
	CHAPTER XVII	
	OF OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY	
	OF THEFT	
Sec.303 (1)&(2)	Theft (1) Whoever, intending to take dishonestly any movable property out of the possession of any person without that person's consent in order to such taking, is said to commit theft	S.378- S.379
	(2) Cognizable and punishable with imprisonment, which may extend to 3 years or with fine or with both. of one year, or fine, or both and in case of second or subsequent conviction of any person under this section, he shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment for not less than one year but which may extend to five years and with fine	
	Non Cognizable	
	if value of property is less than five thousand	
	and a person is convicted for the first time, shall upon return of the value of the property or restoration of the stolen property shall be punished with community service.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.304 (1)&(2)	Snatching Theft is snatching, if in order to commit theft, the offender suddenly or quickly or forcibly seizes or secures or grabs or takes away from any person or from his possession any movable property. Cognizable offence Punishable with imprisonment of three years and shall also be liable to fine.	New Provision
Sec.305	Theft in a dwelling house, or means of transportation or place of worship etc. (a) in any building, tent or vessel used as a human welling or used for the gusted well property. or	S.380
	welling or used for the custody of property; or(b) of any means of transport used for the transport of goods or passengers; or	New Additions
	(c) of any article or goods from any means of transport used for the transport of goods or passengers; or	
	(d) of idol or icon in any place of worship; or	
	(e) of any property of the Government or of a local authority,	
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of seven years and fine.	
Sec.306	Theft by clerk or servant of property in possession of master	S.381
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment, which may extend to seven years and with fine.	
Sec.307	Theft after preparation made for causing death, hurt, or restraint in order to committing of theft	S.382
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with rigorous imprisonment of ten years and with fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	OF EXTORTION	
Sec.308 (1) - (7)	Extortion Illustrations (e) A threatens Z by sending a message through an electronic device that "your child is in my possession, and will be put to death unless you send me one lakh rupees". A thus induces Z to give him money. A has committed extortion.	S.383- S.389 New Provision
	Cognizable offence	
	(2) punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.	
	(3) if attempted to commit extortion by putting any person in fear, of any injury, shall be punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both.	
	(4) if in order to the committing of extortion, put any person in fear of death or grievous hurt, shall be punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to seven years and fine.	
	(5) if commits extortion by putting any person in fear of death or grievous hurt, shall be punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to ten years and fine.	
	(6) if in order to the committing of extortion, put any person in fear of an acquisition of an offence punishable with death or imprisonment for life or with imprisonment which may extend to ten years than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to ten years and fine.	
	(7) if commits extortion, put any person in fear of an acquisition of an offence punishable with death or imprisonment for life or with imprisonment which may extend to ten years than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to ten years and fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	OF ROBBERY AND DACOITY	
Sec.309	Robbery	S.390
(1) to (6)	In all robbery there is either theft or extortion.	S.392
	(2) when theft is robbery	S.394
	(3) when extortion is robbery	
	Cognizable offence	
	(4) if commits robbery, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description which may extend to ten years and fine. If robbery is committed on highway between sunset and sunrise than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to fourteen years.	
	(5) if attempt to commits robbery, than punishable with rigorous imprisonment which may extend to seven years and fine.	
	(6) if in committing or attempting to commit robbery, voluntarily causing hurt, than punishable with imprisonment for life or with rigorous imprisonment for term which may extend to ten years and fine.	
Sec.310	Dacoity	S.391
(1) to (6)	Cognizable offence	S.395 S.396
	(2) if commits dacoity, than punishable with imprisonment for life or with rigorous imprisonment which may extend to ten years and fine.	S.399 S.400 S.402
	(3) if while committing dacoity commits murder, than punishable with death, or imprisonment for life, or with rigorous imprisonment for term not less than ten years and fine.	
	(4) if making preparation to commit dacoity, than punishable with rigorous imprisonment for ten years and fine.	
	(5) if assembled for the purpose of committing dacoity,	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	than punishable with rigorous imprisonment for term which may extend to seven years and fine.	
	(6) if person belongs to gang of person associated for the purpose of habitually committing dacoity than punishable with imprisonment for life, or with rigorous imprisonment for term which may extend to ten years and fine.	
Sec.311	Robbery, or dacoity, with attempt to cause death, or grievous hurt.	S.397
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment of not less than seven years.	
Sec.312	Attempt to commit robbery or dacoity when armed with deadly weapon.	S.398
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment for not less than seven years	
Sec.313	Punishment for belonging to gang of robbers, etc.	S.401
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with rigorous imprisonment for seven years and fine.	
	OF CRIMINAL MISAPPROPRIATION OF PROPERT	Y
Sec.314	Dishonest misappropriation of property.	S.403
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment of not less than six months but which may extend to two years and fine.	
Sec.315	Dishonest misappropriation of property possessed by deceased person at the time of his death.	S.404
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for three years and fine. If by clerk etc than imprisonment for seven years.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
OF CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST		
Sec.316	Criminal breach of trust	S.405-
(1) to (5)	Cognizable offence	S.409
	(2) if commits criminal breach of trust, Shall be punished with imprisonment of either description which may extend to five years or with fine, or with both.	
	(3) if commits criminal breach of trust, of property entrusted as a carrier, war finger or warehouse keeper Shall be punished with imprisonment of either description which may extend to seven years and fine.	
	(4) if criminal breach of trust is committed by a clerk, or servant entrusted with property etc., Shall be punished with imprisonment of either description which may extend to seven years and fine.	
	(5) if criminal breach of trust is committed by a public servant, banker, broker etc., Shall be punished with imprisonment of either description which may extend to seven years and fine.	
	Note: Punishment increased	
	OF RECEIVING STOLEN PROPERTY	
Sec.317	Stolen property	S.410-
(1) to (5)	Cognizable offence	S.414
	(2) if receives or retains stolen property, than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.	
	(3) if receives or retains stolen property transferred by commission of dacoity etc., than punishable with imprisonment for life or rigorous imprisonment which may extend to ten years and fine.	
	(4) if habitually receives or deals in stolen property, than punishable with imprisonment for life or	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	imprisonment of either description which may extend to ten years and fine.	
	(5) if assists in concealing of stolen property, than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to three years or with fine, or with both.	
	OF CHEATING	
Sec.318	Cheating	S.415
(1) to (4)	Non Cognizable	S.417 S.418
(4)	(2) if cheats, than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to two years or with fine, or with both.	S.420
	(3) if cheats the person whose interest offender is bound to protect, than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to five years or with fine, or with both.	
	Cognizable offence	
	(4) if cheats and dishonestly induces the person to deliver property to any person etc, to make, alter or destroy the whole or any part of valuable security etc., than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to seven years and fine.	
	Note: Punishment increased	
Sec.319	Cheating by personation.	S.416
(1)	Cognizable offence	S.419
& (2)	Punishable with imprisonment for five years, or fine, or both.	
OF FRAUDULENT DEEDS AND DISPOSITIONS OF PROPERTY		
Sec.320	Dishonest or fraudulent removal or concealment of property to prevent distribution among creditors.	S.421
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment of not less than six months but which may extend to two years, or fine, or both.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec. 321	Dishonestly or fraudulently preventing debt beingavailable for creditors.	S.422
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for two years or fine, or both.	
Sec.322	Dishonest or fraudulent execution of deed of transfer containing false statement of consideration.	S.423
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for three years or fine, or both.	
	Note: Punishment increased	
Sec.323	Dishonest or fraudulent removal or concealment of property.	S.424
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for three years or fine, or both.	
	Note: Punishment increased	
Sec.324	Mischief	S.425-
(1) to (6)	The offence of mischief in Section 324 of BNS has been expanded and causing loss or damage to any property including the property of Government or Local Authority has been made punishable offence with imprisonment extendable up to one year, or with fine, or with both (as against just 6 months or with fine, or both for offence of mischief).	S.427 S.440
	In case of loss or damage is of more than 20,000 rupees but less than one lakh rupees the punishment is extended up to two years, or with fine, or with both. Where loss or damage is above one lakh rupees the punishment would be imprisonment extendable up to five years, or with fine, or with both.	
	Non Cognizable	
	(2) if commits mischief than punishable with	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	imprisonment of either description which may extend to six months or with fine, or with both.	
	(3) if commits mischief and causes loss to government or local authority than punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one year or with fine, or with both.	
	Note: Punishment increased	
	(4) if commits mischief causing loss or damage to the amount of twenty thousand rupees and more but less than one lakh rupees than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to two years or with fine, or with both.	
	Cognizable offence	
	(5) if commits mischief causing loss or damage of one lakh rupees or upwards than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to five years or with fine, or with both.	New Provision
	(6) if commits mischief making preparation for causing death or hurt or wrongful restraints or fear of death etc. than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to five years and fine.	
Sec.325	Mischief by killing or maiming animal.	S.428-
	Cognizable offence	S.429
	Punishable with imprisonment for five years or fine, or both.	
	Note: Punishment increased	
Sec.326	Mischief by injury, inundation, fire or explosive substance, etc.	S.430- S.436
	Cognizable offence (a to g) except 'e' which is Non Cognizable	
	(a) if commits mischief which causes diminution of water supply for agriculture purpose or for food or drink for human beings or for animal etc. than punishable	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	with imprisonment of either description which may extend to five years or with fine, or with both.	
	(b) if commits mischief which renders any public road, breach, navigable river etc. less safe for travelling or conveying property than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to five years or with fine, or with both.	
	(c) if commits mischief which causes inundation or an obstruction to any public drainage etc than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to five years or with fine, or with both.	
	(d) if commits mischief by destroying or moving any sign or signal used by railways, aircraft or ship etc than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to seven years or with fine, or with both.	
	(e) Non Cognizable if commits mischief by destroying or moving any landmark fixed by authority or public servant etc than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to one year or with fine, or with both.	
	(f) if commits mischief causing damage to any property including agriculture produce than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to seven years and fine.	
	(g) if commits mischief causing destruction by fire or any explosive substance in destruction of any building, place of worship or as a human dwelling etc. than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to ten years and fine.	
Sec.327 (1) &	Mischief with intent to destroy or make unsafe a rail, aircraft, decked vessel or one of twenty tons burden.	S.437- S.438
(2)	Cognizable offence	
	(1) Punishable with imprisonment for ten years and fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
	(2) if attempts to commit mischief by fire or any explosive substance, shall be punished with imprisonment of life, or may extend to ten years and with fine.	
Sec.328	Punishment for intentionally running vessel around or ashore with intent to commit theft, etc.	S. 439
	Cognizable offence	
	Punishable with imprisonment for ten years and fine.	
	OF CRIMINAL TRESPASS	
Sec.329 (1) to	Criminal trespass and house- trespass Cognizable offence	S.441- S.442
(4)	(3) Criminal trespass. Punishable with imprisonment for three months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	S447- S.448
	(4) House trespass. Punishable with imprisonment for one year, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.	
	Note: Punishment increased	
Sec.330	House-trespass and house- breaking.	S. 443,
(1) & (2)	(Definition clauses)	S.445
Sec.331	Punishment for house-trespass or house-breaking.	S.453-
(1) to (8)	Cognizable offence	S.460
	(1) if commits lurking house-trespass or house breaking, than punishable with imprisonment for two years and fine.	
	(2) if commits lurking house-trespass or house breaking after sunset and before sunrise, than punishable with imprisonment for three years and fine.	
	(3) if in order to committing lurking house-trespass or house breaking of any offence punishable with imprisonment, than punishable with imprisonment of three years and fine and if theft is committed than punishable with imprisonment which may extend to ten years.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	
	(4) if in order to committing lurking house-trespass or house breaking of any offence punishable with imprisonment after sunset and before sunrise, than punishable with imprisonment of five years and fine and if theft is committed than punishable with imprisonment which may extend to fourteen years.	
	(5) if commits lurking house-trespass or house breaking after making preparation for causing, hurt, assault, wrongful restraint or fear of hurt or of assault or wrongful restraint than punishable with imprisonment of ten years and fine.	
	(6) if commits lurking house-trespass or house breaking after sunset and before sunrise after making preparation for causing, hurt, assault, wrongful restraint or fear of hurt or of assault or wrongful restraint than punishable with imprisonment of fourteen years and fine.	
	(7) if committing lurking house-trespass or house breaking causing grievous hurt or attempts to cause death or grievous hurt than punishable with imprisonment for life, or imprisonment for either description which may extend to ten years and fine.	
	(8) if committing lurking house-trespass or house breaking after sunset and before sunrise causing grievous hurt or attempts to cause death or grievous hurt than punishable with imprisonment for life, or imprisonment for either description which may extend to ten years and fine.	
Sec.332	House-trespass in order to commit offence.	S.449- S.451
	Cognizable offence	2.22
	(a) if offence is punishable with death than punishable with imprisonment for life, or with rigorous imprisonment for either description which may extend to ten years and fine.	
	(b) if offence is punishable with imprisonment for life, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description which may extend to two years and fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC		
	(c) if offence is punishable with imprisonment shall be punished with imprisonment of either description which may extend to two years and fine.			
Sec.333	House-trespass after preparation for hurt, assault or wrongful restraint.			
	Cognizable offence			
	Punishable with imprisonment for seven years and fine.			
Sec.334 (1) &	& property			
(2)	Cognizable offence			
	(1) Punishable with imprisonment for two years or with fine or with both.			
	(2) If interested with any closed receptacle without having authority to open than Punishable with imprisonment for three years or with fine or with both.			
	CHAPTER XVIII			
OF C	OFFENCES RELATING TO DOCUMENTS AND PROPERTY MARKS	PERTY		
Sec.335	Making a false document	S.464		
Sec.336	Forgery	S.463		
(1) to (4)	Non Cognizable	S.465 S.468		
	(2) Punishable with imprisonment for two years or fine or both.	S.469		
	Cognizable offence			
	(3) If forgery is for the purpose of cheating then punishable with imprisonment which may extend to seven years and fine.			
	(4) If forgery harms reputation of any party then punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three years and fine.			

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC	
Sec.337	Forgery of record of Court or of public register, etc.	S.466	
	Non Cognizable		
	Punishable with imprisonment for seven years and fine.		
Sec.338	Forgery of valuable security, will, etc. or authority to make or transfer any valuable security or to receive any money etc.	•	
	Non Cognizable		
	Punishable with imprisonment for life or imprisonment for ten years and fine		
	Cognizable offence		
	When the valuable security is a promissory note of the Central Government		
	Punishable with imprisonment for life or imprisonment for ten years and fine		
Sec.339	Having possession of document described in section 337 or section 338, knowing it to be forged and intending to use it as genuine.		
	Cognizable offence		
	If document is one of the descriptions mentioned in section 337.		
	Punishable with imprisonment for seven years and fine		
	Non cognizable		
	If document is as one of the descriptions given in section 338,		
	Punishable with imprisonment for life and imprisonment for seven years and fine.		
Sec.340 (1) &	Forged document or electronic record and using it as genuine.	S.470- S.471	
(2)	Cognizable offence		
	(2) Punishable with punishment as given for forgery of such document.		

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC
Sec.341 (1) to	Making or possessing counterfeit seal, etc., with intent to commit forgery punishable under section 338.	S.472- S.473
(4)	Cognizable offence	
	(1) if makes or counterfeits any seal, plate or other instrument for committing any forgery punishable under section 338 than punishable with imprisonment for life or with imprisonment of either description which may extend to seven years and fine.	
	(2) if makes or counterfeits any seal, plate or other instrument for committing any forgery punishable other than under section 338 then punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to seven years and fine.	
	(3) if posses any seal, plate or other instrument knowing the same to be counterfeited than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to three years and fine.	New Provision
	(4) if uses any seal, plate or other instrument knowingly which are counterfeit than punishable with imprisonment in the same manner as if he had made or counterfeited.	
Sec.342 (1) & (2)	Counterfeiting device or mark used for authenticating documents described in section 338, or possessing counterfeit marked material.	S.475- S.476
	Non Cognizable	
	(1) If counterfeits documents described in section 338 then Punishable with imprisonment for life, or imprisonment for either description for a term which may extend to seven years and fine.	
	(2) If counterfeits documents other then section 338 then Punishable with imprisonment for seven years and fine.	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	
Sec.343	Fraudulent cancellation, destruction, etc., of will, authority to adopt, or valuable security.	
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for life, or imprisonment for seven years and fine.	
Sec.344	Falsification of accounts.	S.477 A
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for seven years, or fine, or both.	
	OF PROPERTY MARKS	
Sec.345	Property mark	S.479,
(1) - (3)	Non Cognizable	S.481, S.482
	Punishable with imprisonment for one year, or fine or both.	
Sec.346	Tampering with property mark with intent to cause injury.	
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for one year, or fine or both.	
Sec. 347	Counterfeiting a property mark.	S.483,
(1) & (2)	Non Cognizable	S.484
	(1 & 2) Punishable with imprisonment ranging from two years to three years and fine etc.	
Sec.348	•	
	Non Cognizable	
	Punishable with imprisonment for three years, or fine, or both.	
Sec.349	Selling goods marked with a counterfeit property mark.	S.486
	Non Cognizable	

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC		
	Punishable with imprisonment for one year, or fine, or both.			
Sec.350 (1) &				
(2)	Non Cognizable			
	Punishable with imprisonment for three years, or fine, or both.			
	CHAPTER XIX			
O	F CRIMINAL INTIMIDATION, INSULT, ANNOYAN DEFAMATION, ETC	CE,		
Sec.351	Criminal intimidation	S.503,		
(1) to (4)	Non Cognizable	S.506- S.507		
	(2) if commits criminal intimidation than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both.			
	(3) if commits criminal intimidation by threatening to cause death or grievous hurt or destruction of property by fire etc than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to seven years and if he impute unchastely to a woman than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to seven years or with fine or with both.			
	(4) if commits criminal intimidation by anonymous communication etc than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to two years, in addition to the offence provided under sub section (1).			
Sec.352	Intentional insult with intent to provoke breach of peace.			
	Non Cognizable			
	Punishable with imprisonment for two years, or fine, or both.			

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS Section 11		
Sec.353	Statements conducing to public mischief.	S.505	
(1) to (3)	Non Cognizable		
,	Punishable with imprisonment for three years, or fine, or both.		
	Cognizable offence		
	(2) if it contains false information, rumors or alarming news etc. which is likely to create or promote on grounds of religion, race, place of birth etc feelings of enmity/hatred etc than punishable with imprisonment of either description which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.		
	(3) if commits offence of clause (2) in place of worship or religious ceremonies etc. than punishable with imprisonment which may extend to five years and fine.		
Sec.354	Act caused by inducing person to believe that he will be rendered an object of Divine displeasure.	S.508	
	Non Cognizable		
	Punishable with imprisonment for one year, or fine, or both.		
Sec.355	Misconduct in public by a drunken person.	S.510	
	Non Cognizable		
	Punishable with simple imprisonment for twenty four hours, or fine of one thousand rupees, or both, or with community service.		
	Note: Fine increased		
	OF DEFAMATION		
Sec.356	Defamation	S.499- S.502	
(1) to (4)	Non Cognizable		
	Clause (2 to 4) Punishable with simple imprisonment for two years or fine or both or community service		

Sec. in BNS	Title and Chapters in BNS	Sec. in IPC		
OF BRE	OF BREACH OF CONTRACT TO ATTEND ON AND SUPPLY WANTS OF HELPLESS PERSON			
Sec.357	Breach of contract to attend on and supply wants of helpless person.	S.491		
	Non Cognizable			
	Punishable with imprisonment for three months, or fine of five thousand rupees, or both.			
CHAPTER XX				
REPEAL AND SAVINGS				
Sec. 358	Repeal and savings			
	The Indian Penal code is hereby repealed			



ANNEXURE-I

Table showing new sections and partly added provisions in BNS, 2023

- Sec. 2 (3) In this Sanhita, unless the context otherwise requires,— "Child" means any person below the age of eighteen years;
 - (10) "gender".—The pronoun "he" and its derivatives are used of any person, whether male, female or transgender.

Explanation.—"transgender" shall have the meaning assigned to it in Sec. (k) of section 2 of the Transgender Persons (Protection of Rights) Act, 2019;

- (39) words and expressions used but not defined in this Sanhita but defined in the Information Technology Act, 2000 and the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in that Act and Sanhita
- Sec. 4. (f) Community Service

A new form of punishment added for the 1st time for 6 offences

Sec.48 Abetment outside India for offence in India

A person abets an offence within the meaning of this Sanhita who, without and beyond India, abets the commission of any act in India which would constitute an offence if committed in India.

Sec.69 Sexual intercourse by employing deceitful means, etc.

Whoever, by deceitful means or by making promise to marry to a woman without any intention of fulfilling the same, has sexual intercourse with her, such sexual intercourse not amounting to the offence of rape, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to ten years and shall also be liable to fine.

Explanation.—"deceitful means" shall include inducement for, or false promise of employment or promotion, or marrying by suppressing identity.

Sec. 70 (2) Gang rape on women under the age of 18

Where a woman under eighteen years of age is raped by one or more persons constituting a group or acting in furtherance of a common intention, each of those persons shall be deemed to have committed the offence of rape and shall be punished with imprisonment for life, which shall mean imprisonment for the remainder of that person's natural life, and with fine, or with death.

Provided that such fine shall be just and reasonable to meet the medical expenses and rehabilitation of the victim.

Provided further that any fine imposed under this sub-section shall be paid to the victim.

Sec.95 Hiring, employing or engaging child to commit an offence.

Whoever hires, employs or engages any child to commit an offence shall be punished with imprisonment of either description which shall not be less than three years but which may extend to ten years, and with fine; and if the offence be committed shall also be punished with the punishment provided for that offence as if the offence has been committed by such person himself.

Explanation.—Hiring, employing, engaging or using a child for sexual exploitation or pornography is covered within the meaning of this section.

Sec.103 (2) Punishment for murder committed by five or more persons (mob lynching)

When a group of five or more persons acting in concert commits murder on the ground of race, caste or community, sex, place of birth, language, personal belief or any other similar ground each member of such group shall be punished with death or with imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine.

Sec. 106 (2) Punishment for causing death by rash and negligent driving of vehicle not amounting to culpable homicide and escapes without reporting it to a police or Magistrate soon after the incident shall be punished with imprisonment of either description of a term which may extend to ten years, and shall also be liable to fine.

Sec.111 Organised crime.

(1) Any continuing unlawful activity including kidnapping, robbery, vehicle theft, extortion, land grabbing, contract killing, economic offence, cyber-crimes, trafficking of persons, drugs, weapons or

illicit goods or services, human trafficking for prostitution or ransom, by any person or a group of persons acting in concert, singly or jointly, either as a member of an organised crime syndicate or on behalf of such syndicate, by use of violence, threat of violence, intimidation, coercion, or by any other unlawful means to obtain direct or indirect material benefit including a financial benefit, shall constitute organised crime.

Explanation.–For the purposes of this sub-section,––

- (i) "organised crime syndicate" means a group of two or more persons who, acting either singly or jointly, as a syndicate or gang indulge in any continuing unlawful activity.
- (ii) "continuing unlawful activity" means an activity prohibited by law which is a cognizable offence punishable with imprisonment of three years or more, undertaken by any person, either singly or jointly, as a member of an organised crime syndicate or on behalf of such syndicate in respect of which more than one charge-sheets have been filed before a competent Court within the preceding period of ten years and that Court has taken cognizance of such offence, and includes economic offence.
- (iii) "economic offence" includes criminal breach of trust, forgery, counterfeiting of currency-notes, bank-notes and Government stamps, hawala transaction, mass-marketing fraud or running any scheme to defraud several persons or doing any act in any manner with a view to defraud any bank or financial institution or any other institution or organisation for obtaining monetary benefits in any form.
- (2) Whoever commits organised crime shall,—
 - (a) if such offence has resulted in the death of any person, be punished with death or imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than ten lakh rupees.
 - (b) in any other case, be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than five lakh rupees.
- (3) Whoever abets, attempts, conspires or knowingly facilitates the commission of an organised crime, or otherwise engages in any act preparatory to an organised crime, shall be punished with

imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than five lakh rupees.

- (4) Any person who is a member of an organised crime syndicate shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than five lakh rupees.
- (5) Whoever, intentionally, harbours or conceals any person who has committed the offence of an organised crime shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than three years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than five lakh rupees.

Provided that this sub-section shall not apply to any case in which the harbour or concealment is by the spouse of the offender.

- (6) Whoever possesses any property derived or obtained from the commission of an organised crime or proceeds of any organised crime or which has been acquired through the organised crime, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than three years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than two lakh rupees.
- (7) If any person on behalf of a member of an organised crime syndicate is, or at any time has been in possession of movable or immovable property which he cannot satisfactorily account for, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than three years but which may extend to imprisonment for ten years and shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than one lakh rupees.

Sec.112 Petty organised crime.

(1) Whoever, being a member of a group or gang, either singly or jointly, commits any act of theft, snatching, cheating, unauthorised selling of tickets, unauthorised betting or gambling, selling of public examination question papers or any other similar criminal act, is said to commit petty organised crime.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section "theft" includes trick theft, theft from vehicle, dwelling house or business premises, cargo theft, pick pocketing, theft through card skimming, shoplifting and theft of Automated Teller Machine.

(2) Whoever commits any petty organised crime shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than one year but which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.

Sec. 113 Terrorist act

- (1) Whoever does any act with the intent to threaten or likely to threaten the unity, integrity, sovereignty, security, or economic security of India or with the intent to strike terror or likely to strike terror in the people or any section of the people in India or in any foreign country: -
- (a) by using bombs, dynamite or other explosive substance or inflammable substance or firearms or other lethal weapons or poisonous or noxious gases or other chemicals or by any other substance (whether biological, radioactive, nuclear or otherwise) of a hazardous nature or by any other means of whatever nature to cause or likely to cause,-
 - (i) death of, or injury to, any person or persons; or
 - (ii) loss of, or damage to, or destruction of, property; or
 - (iii) disruption of any supplies or services essential to the life of the community in India or in any foreign country; or
 - (iv) damage to, the monetary stability of India by way of production or smuggling or circulation of counterfeit Indian paper currency, coin or of any other material; or
 - (v) damage or destruction of any property in India or in a foreign country used or intended to be used for the defence of India or in connection with any other purposes of the Government of India, any State Government or any of their agencies; or
- (b) overawes by means of criminal force or the show of criminal force or attempts to do so or causes death of any public functionary or attempts to cause death of any public functionary; or
- (c) detains, kidnaps or abducts any person and threatening to kill or injure such person or does any other act in order to compel the Government of India, any State Government or the Government of a foreign country or an international or inter-governmental organisation or any other person to do or abstain from doing any act, commit a terrorist act.

Explanation.–For the purpose of this sub-section,-

- (a) "public functionary" means the constitutional authorities or any other functionary notified in the Official Gazette by the Central Government as public functionary;
- (b) "counterfeit Indian currency" means the counterfeit currency as may be declared after examination by an authorised or notified forensic authority that such currency imitates or compromises with the key security features of Indian currency.
- (2) Whoever commits a terrorist act shall,-
 - (a) if such offence has resulted in the death of any person, be punished with death or imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine;
 - (b) in any other case, be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine.
- (3) Whoever conspires or attempts to commit, or advocates, abets, advises or incites, directly or knowingly facilitates the commission of a terrorist act or any act preparatory to the commission of a terrorist act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine.
- (4) Whoever organises or causes to be organised any camp or camps for imparting training in terrorist act, or recruits or causes to be recruited any person or persons for commission of a terrorist act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine.
- (5) Any person who is a member of an organisation which is involved in terrorist act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine.
- (6) Whoever voluntarily harbours or conceals, or attempts to harbour or conceal any person knowing that such person has committed a terrorist act shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than three years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine:

Provided that this sub-section shall not apply to any case in which the harbour or concealment is by the spouse of the offender.

(7) Whoever knowingly possesses any property derived or obtained from commission of any terrorist act or acquired through the commission of any terrorist act shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine.

Explanation.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that the officer not below the rank of Superintendent of Police shall decide whether to register the case under this section or under the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967.

Sec.117 (3) Grievous hurt causing permanent disability or persistent vegetative state.

Whoever commits an offence under sub-section (1) and in the course of such commission causes any hurt to a person which causes that person to be in permanent disability or in persistent vegetative state, shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than ten years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, which shall mean imprisonment for the remainder of that person's natural life.

(4) Hurt caused by a mob

When a group of five or more persons acting in concert, causes grievous hurt to a person on the ground of his race, caste or community, sex, place of birth, language, personal belief or any other similar ground, each member of such group shall be guilty of the offence of causing grievous hurt, and shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.

Sec. 143 (1) Whoever, for the purpose of exploitation recruits, transports, harbours, transfers, or receives a person or persons Explanation 1.—The expression "exploitation" shall include any act of physical exploitation or any form of sexual exploitation, slavery or practices similar to slavery, servitude, beggary or forced removal of organs.

Explanation. – The consent of the victim is immaterial in determination of the offence of trafficking.

Sec.152 Acts endangering sovereignty, unity and integrity of India
Whoever, purposely or knowingly, by words, either spoken or written,

or by signs, or by visible representation, or by electronic communication or by use of financial mean, or otherwise, excites or attempts to excite, secession or armed rebellion or subversive activities, or encourages feelings of separatist activities or endangers sovereignty or unity and integrity of India; or indulges in or commits any such act shall be punished with imprisonment for life or with imprisonment which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.

Explanation.—Comments expressing disapprobation of the measures, or administrative or other action of the Government with a view to obtain their alteration by lawful means without exciting or attempting to excite the activities referred to in this section do not constitute an offence under this section.

- Sec. 195 Assaulting or obstructing public servant when suppressing riot, etc.
 - (2) Whoever threatens to assault or attempts to obstruct any public servant or threatens or attempts to use criminal force to any public servant in the discharge of his duty as such public servant in endeavoring to disperse an unlawful assembly, or to suppress a riot or affray, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.
- Sec. 197 Imputations, assertions prejudicial to national integration.
 - (d) makes or publishes false or misleading information, jeopardizing the sovereignty, unity and integrity or security of India,
- Sec. 226 Attempt to commit suicide to compel or restraint exercise of lawful power

Whoever attempts to commit suicide with the intent to compel or restrain any public servant from discharging his official duty shall be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both, or with community service.

Sec. 303 Theft

(2) Whoever commits theft shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both and in case of second or subsequent conviction of any person under this section, he shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than one year but which may extend to five years and with fine:

Provided that in cases of theft where the value of the stolen property is less than five thousand rupees, and a person is convicted for the first

time, shall upon return of the value of property or restoration of the stolen property, shall be punished with community service.

Sec. 304 Snatching

- (1) Theft is snatching if, in order to commit theft, the offender suddenly or quickly or forcibly seizes or secures or grabs or takes away from any person or from his possession any movable property.
- (2) Whoever commits snatching, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three years, and shall also be liable to fine.

Sec. 305 Whoever commits theft

- (b) of any means of transport used for the transport of goods or passengers; or
- (c) of any article or goods from any means of transport used for the transport of goods or passengers; or
- (d) of idol or icon in any place of worship; or
- (e) of any property of the Government or of a local authority,

Sec. 308 Extortion Illustration (e)

A threatens Z by sending a message through an electronic device that "Your child is in my possession, and will be put to death unless you send me one lakh rupees." A thus induces Z to give him money. A has committed extortion.

Sec. 324 Mischiefs

- (3) Whoever commits mischief and thereby causes loss or damage to any property including the property of Government or Local Authority shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.
- (4) Whoever commits mischief and thereby causes loss or damage to the amount of twenty thousand rupees and more but less than one lakh rupees, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both
- (5) Whoever commits mischief and thereby causes loss or damage to the amount of one lakh rupees or upwards, shall be punished

with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to five years, or with fine, or with both.

- **Sec. 341** Making or possessing counterfeit seal, etc. with intent to commit forgery punishable u/s 338 of BNS
 - (3) Whoever possesses any seal, plate or other instrument knowing the same to be counterfeit, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three years, and shall also be liable to fine.
 - (4) Whoever fraudulently or dishonestly uses as genuine any seal, plate or other instrument knowing or having reason to believe the same to be counterfeit, shall be punished in the same manner as if he had made or counterfeited such seal, plate or other instrument

Sec. 358 Repeal and savings

- (1) The Indian Penal Code is hereby repealed.
- (2) Not withstanding the repeal of the Code referred to in subsection (1), it shall not affect,-
 - (a) the previous operation of the Code so repealed or anything duly done or suffered thereunder; or
 - (b) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under the Code so repealed; or
 - (c) any penalty, or punishment incurred in respect of any offences committed against the Code so repealed; or
 - (d) any investigation or remedy in respect of any such penalty, or punishment; or
 - (e) any proceeding, investigation or remedy in respect of any such penalty or punishment as aforesaid, and any such proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced, and any such penalty may be imposed as if that Code had not been repealed.
- (3) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the said Code shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Sanhita.
- (4) The mention of particular matters in sub-section (2) shall not be held to prejudice or affect the general application of section 6 of the General Clauses Act,1897 with regard to the effect of the repeal.

ANNEXURE-II

List of IPC Sections, which have been deleted/repealed in BNS 2023

Old Sec. of IPC	Title/Description	
Sec. 14	Servant of Government - The words "servant of government denote any officer or servant continued, appointed or employed in India by or under the authority of Government.	
Sec.18	India	
50	"Section". —The word "section" denotes one of those portions of a Chapter of this Code which are distinguished by prefixed numeral figures.	
53 A	Construction of reference to transportation	
124 A	Sedition	
153 AA	Punishment for knowingly carrying arms in any procession	
236	Abetting in India the counterfeiting out of India of coin	
237	Import or export of counterfeit coin	
238	Import or export of counterfeits of Indian Coin	
264	Fraudulent use of false instrument for weighing	
265	Fraudulent use of false weight or measure	
266	Being in possession of false weight or measure	
267	Making or selling false weight or measure	
309	Attempt to commit suicide	
310	Thug	
311	Punishment of Thug	
377	Sexual intercourse against the order of nature	
444	Lurking house trespass at night	
446	House breaking at night	
497	Adultery	

ANNEXURE-III

List of sections in which **Punishment has been** increased in BNS

S. No.	New Section and Punishment	Old Section with Punishment
1	8(5) amount of fine, liability in default of payment of fine or in default of community service, (c) - 1 year	67- (c)- six months
2	57- Abetting commission of offence by public or by more than ten persons, -imprisonment of either description which may extend to seven years and with fine	117- 3 years, or with fine, or both
3	99- shall not be less than seven years but may extend to 14 years	373- may extend to 10 years
4	104- punishable with death or with imprisonment for life, which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life	303- punished with death
5	105- a term which may extend to 10 years and with fine	304-term which may extend to 10 years, or fine, or both
6	106(1)- may extend to 2 years for medical- practitioner, may extend to 5 years for others, and shall also be liable to fine 106(2) may extend to ten years and shall also liable to fine	304A- may extend to 2 years, or with fine, or both
7	109(2)- punished with death or imprisonment for life, which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life.	307(2)- punished with death
8	121(1)- voluntary causing hurt or grievous hurt to deter public servant from his duty- may extend to 5 years	332- which may extend to 3 years
9	122(2)- voluntary causing hurt or grievous hurt on provocation- may extend to 5 years	335- may extend to four years

S. No.	New Section and Punishment	Old Section with Punishment
10	125(b)- an act endangering life and personal safety of others where grievous hurt is causedmay extend to 3 years	338- may extend to 2 years
11	127(3)- wrongful confinement for three days or more-may extend to 3 years	343- may extend to 2 years
12	127(4)- wrongful confinement for ten days or more-may extend to 5 years	344- may extend to 3 years
13	127(6)-wrongful confinement from any person interested in person or from any public servant- may extend to 3 years	346- may extend to 2 years
14	144(1)- exploitation of a trafficked child for engaging such child for sexual exploitation- 10 years	370A(1)- 7 years
15	144(2)-exploitation of trafficked person to engage such person for sexual exploitation- 7 years	370A(2)- 5 years
16	166-abetment of act of in <mark>subordination</mark> by soldier, sailor and airman- 2 years	138- 6 months
17	191(3)-rioting armed with a deadly weapon to cause death etc- 5 years	148(3)- 3 years
18	217-false information with intent to cause public servant use his lawful power to injury of another person- 1 year	182- 6 months
19	223(a)- disobedience to order duly promulgated by public servant to cause obstruction etc. 6 months	188(a)- 1 month
20	223(b)- disobedience to order duly promulgated by public servant to cause danger to human life etc1 year	188(b)- 6 months
21	241-destruciotn of document or electronic record to prevent its production as evidence- 3 years	204- 2 years
22	243- fraudulent removal or concealment of property to prevent its seizure as forfeited or in execution-3 years	206- 2 years

S. No.	New Section and Punishment	Old Section with Punishment
23	248(a)-false charge of offence made with intent to injure- 5 years	211(a)- 2 years
24	248(b)- whenever no criminal proceeding is instituted -10 years	211(b)- 7 years
25	276- adulteration of drugs-1 year	274- 6 months
26	279- fouling water of public spring or reservoir-6 months	277- 3 months
27	316(2)- commits criminal breach of trust -5 years	406- 3 years
28	318(2)- whoever cheats -3 years	417- 1 year
29	318(3)- whoever cheats with the knowledge to cause wrongful loss-5 years	418- 3 years
30	322- dishonest or fraudulent execution of deed of transfer containing false statement of consideration-3 years	423- 2 years
31	323- dishonest or fraudulent removal or concealment of property- 3 years	424- 2 years
32	324(2)-whoever commits mischief 6 months	426- 3 months
33	325- mischief by killing or maiming animal-5 years	428- 2 years

ANNEXURE-IV

List of sections where punishment of fine has been enhanced in BNS

S. No.	New Section and enhanced Fine	Old Section and Fine
1	Amount of fine, liability in default of payment of fine etc 8(5)(a), In default of fine not exceeding Rs. 5000, Imprisonment of two months	67- (a)- 50 rupees
2	Amount of fine, liability in default of payment of fine etc 8(5)(b)- In default of fine not exceeding Rs. 10000, Imprisonment of four months	67- (b)- 100 rupees
3	115(2) Voluntary causing hurt, fine of 10,000 rupees	323- 1000 rupees
4	118(1) Voluntary causing hurt or grievous hurt by dangerous weapons or means, fine which may extend to twenty thousand rupees	324- or with fine
5	122(1) Voluntary causing hurt on provocation - 5000 rupees	334- 500 rupees
6	122(2)- Voluntary causing grievous hurt by provocation, 10,000 rupees	335- 2000 rupees
7	125- Act endangering life or personal safety of others 2,500 rupees	336- 250 rupees
8	125(a)- Act endangering life or personal safety of others where hurt is caused5000 rupees	337- 500 rupees
9	125(b)- Act endangering life or personal safety of others where grievous hut is caused 10,000 rupees	338- 1000 rupees
10	126(2)- wrongful restraint - 5000 rupees	341- 500 rupees
11	127(2)- wrongful confinement5000 rupees	342- 1000 rupees
12	127(3)- wrongfully confined for 3 days or more10,000 rupees	343- or with fine

S. No.	New Section and enhanced Fine	Old Section and Fine
13	127(4)- wrongfully confined for 10 days or more shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than 10,000 rupees	345- shall also be liable to fine
14	127(5)- wrongfully confined knowing that a writ for liberation has been issued –shall also be liable to fine	345, Nil fine
15	127(6)- wrongfully confined so that his confinement may not known to any person interested in that person or any public servantshall also be liable to fine	346 – Nil Fine
16	131-punishment for assault and criminal force otherwise than grave provocation 1000 rupees	352- 500 rupees
17	135- assault or criminal force in attempt to wrongfully confine a person -5000 rupees	357- 1000 rupees
18	136- assault or criminal force on grave provocation-1000 rupees	358- 200 rupees
19	165-desserter concealed on board merchant vessel through negligence of master- 3000 rupees	137- 500 rupees
20	168- wearing garb or carrying token used by soldier, sailor or airman- 2000 rupees	140- 500 rupees
21	176-illegal payments in c/w election- 10,000 rupees	171H- 500 rupees
22	177-failiure to keep election accounts- 5000 rupees	171I- 500 rupees
23	182(1)- making or using documents resembling currency or bank notes-300 rupees	489E(1)- 100 rupees
24	182(2)- a person whose name appears on a document the making of which is an offence refuses to disclose to a police officer on being so required the name and add of the person by whom it was printed or otherwise 600 rupees	489E(2)- 200 rupees
25	194(2)-affray 1000 rupees	160- 100 rupees
26	195(1)- assaulting or obstructing a public servant when suppressing a riot etc. shall not be less than 25,000 rupees.	152- with fine.
27	205- wearing garb or carrying token used by public servant with fraudulent intent -5000 rupees	171- 200 rupees

S. No.	New Section and enhanced Fine	Old Section and Fine
28	206(a)-absconding to avoid service of summons or their proceedings issued by public servants- 5000 rupees	172(a)- 500 rupees
29	206(b)- absconding to avoid service of summons or their proceedings issued by Court- 10,000 rupees	172(b)- 1000 rupees
30	207(a)- preventing service or summons or other proceedings or preventing publication thereof issued by public servant-5000 rupees	173(a)- 500 rupees
31	207(b)- preventing service or summons or other proceedings or preventing publication thereof issued by court- 10,000 rupees	173(b)- 1,000 rupees
32	208(a)-Non attendance in obedience to an order before public servant -5000 rupees	174(a)- 500 rupees
33	208(b)- Non attendance in obedience to an order before court -10,000 rupees	174(b)- 1000 rupees
34	210(a)- omission to produce document or electronic record to public servant by person legally bound to produce it-5000 rupees	175(a)- 500 rupees
35	210(b)- omission to produce document or electronic record to public servant by person legally bound to produce before court-10,000 rupees	175(b)- 1,000 rupees
36	211(a)- omission to give notice or information to public servant by person legally bound to give it-5000 rupees	176(a)- 500 rupees
37	211(b)- omission to give notice or information to public servant by person legally bound to give it regarding commission of offence or prevention or apprehension of offender of an offence- 10,000 rupees	176(b)- 1000 rupees
38	212(a)-furnishing false information to public servant- 5000 rupees	177- 1000 rupees
39	213-refusing oath or affirmation when duly required by public servant to make it- 5000 rupees	178- 1000 rupees
40	214- refusing to answer-5000 rupees	179- 1000 rupees
41	215-refusing to sign statement- 3,000 rupees	180- 500 rupees

S. No.	New Section and enhanced Fine	Old Section and Fine
42	217-false information with intent to cause public servant to use his lawful power to injury to another person- 10,000 rupees	182- 1000 rupees
43	218- resistance to taking of property by lawful authority of a public servant-10,000 rupees	183- 1000 rupees
44	219- obstructing sale of property occurred for sale by authority of public servant-5,000 rupees	184- 500 rupees
45	221-obstrucitng public servant in discharge of public functions- 2,500 rupees	186- 500 rupees
46	222(a)- omission to assist public servant when bound by law to give assistance -2,500 rupees	187(a)- 200 rupees
47	222(b)-omission to assist public servant when bound by law to give assistance for the purpose of executing any process lawfully issued by a court for preventing of certain offences- 5,000 rupees	187(b)- 500 rupees
48	223(a)-disobedience to order duly promulgated by public servant where such disobedience cause obstruction etc 2,500 rupees	188(a)- 200 rupees
49	223(b)- disobedience to order duly promulgated by public servant where such disobedience danger to human life etc 5,000 rupees	188(b)- 1000 rupees
50	229(1)- punishment for false evidence in an any stage of a judicial proceedings etcliable to fine which may extend to 10,000 rupees	193(1)- liable to fine
51	229(2)- punishment for false evidence other than judicial proceedings etc -liable to fine which may extend to 5,000rupees	193(2)- liable to fine
52	230(1)-giving or fabricating false evidence with intent to procure capital offences- liable to fine which may extend to 50,000 rupees	194(1)- liable to fine
53	239-intentional omission to give information of offence by person bound to inform- or with fine which may extend to 5000 rupees	237- or with fine
54	241-destruciton of evidence or electronic record to prevent its production as evidence- or with fine which may extend to 5000 rupees	239- or with fine

S. No.	New Section and enhanced Fine	Old Section and Fine	
55	243- fraudulent removal or concealment of property to prevent its seizure as forfeited or in execution- or with fine which may extend to 5000 rupees	241- or with fine	
56	248- false charge of offence made with intent to injure-or with fine which may extend to two lakh rupees 211- or with the property of the pro		
57	267-intentinal insult or interruption to public servant seating in judicial proceeding- 5000 rupees	228- 1000 rupees	
58	274-adulteration of food or drink intended for sale- 5000 rupees	272- 1000 rupees	
59	275-sale of noxious food or drink- 5000 rupees	273- 1000 rupees	
60	276-adultration of drugs- 5000 rupees	274- 1000 rupees	
61	277- sale of adulterated drugs-5000 rupees	275- 1000 rupees	
62	278-sale of drug as a different drug or prepration- 5000 rupees	276- 1000 rupees	
63	279- fouling water of public spring or reservoir -5000 rupees	277- 500 rupees	
64	280- making atmosphere noxious to health-1000 rupees	278- 500 rupees	
65	282-rash navigation of vessel- 10,000 rupees	280- 1000 rupees	
66	283-exhibition of false light mark of buoy- and with fine which shall not be less than 10,000 rupees, or with both	281- or with fine	
67	284- conveying person by water for heir in an unsafe or overloaded vessel-5,000 rupees	282- 1000 rupees	
68	285- danger or obstruction in public way or line of navigation-5000 rupees	283- 200 rupees	
69	286- negligent conduct w.r.t poisonous substance-5,000 rupees	284- 1000 rupees	
70	287-negligent conduct w.r.t fire or combustible matter- 2,000 rupees	285- 1000 rupees	
71	288-negligent conduct w.r.t explosive substance-5,000 rupees	286- 1000 rupees	
72	289- negligent conduct w.r.t machinery-5,000 rupees	287- 1000 rupees	

S. No.	New Section and enhanced Fine	Old Section and Fine
73	290-negligent conduct w.r.t cooling down, repairing or constructing building etc. 5,000 rupees	288- 1000 rupees
74	291-negligent conduct w.r.t animal- 5,000 rupees	289- 1000 rupees
75	292-punishment for public nuisance in cases not otherwise provided for-1,000 rupees 290- 200 rupe	
76	293- continuance of nuisance after injection to discontinue - or with fine which may extend to 5000 rupees	291- or with fine
77	294(2)-sale etc. of obscene books etc on first conviction- 5000 rupees	292(2)- 2000 rupees
78	294(2)- sale etc. of obscene books etc on second subsequent conviction- 10,000 rupees (second time)	292(2) 5000 rupees
79	296-obscene acts and songs- or with fine which may extend to 1000 rupees	294- or with fine
80	297(2)-keeping lottery office/publishes any proposal to pay and sum etc 5000 rupees	294A- 1000 rupees
81	329(3)- commits criminal tress pass- 5000 rupees	447- 500 rupees
82	329(4)-commits house tress pass- 5000 rupees	448- 1000 rupees
83	355-miscondcut in public by a drunken person- 1000 rupees	510- 10 rupees

ANNEXURE-V

List of Sec. in which Mandatory Minimum Punishment Introduced in BNS

S. No.	Section	Heading	Minimum Punishment
1	Sec. 99	Buying Child for Purposes of Prostitution, etc.	shall not be less than seven years
2	Sec. 105	Punishment For Culpable Homicide Not Amounting to Murder.	shall not be less than five years
3	Sec. 111(2) (b)	Organised Crime.	or a term which shall not be less than five years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than five lakh rupees
4	Sec. 111(3)	Abetting, attempting etc. of an Organised Crime.	which shall not be less than five years and shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than five lakh rupees
5	Sec. 111(4)	Being a member of Organised Crime	shall not be less than five years
6	Sec. 111(5)		shall not be less than three years and shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than five lakh rupees

S. No.	Section	Heading	Minimum Punishment
7	Sec. 111 (6)	Possessing property derived from Organised Crime.	shall not be less than three years and shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than two lakh rupees
8	Sec.111 (7)	Possession of property on behalf of member of Organised Crime.	shall not be less than three years and shall also be liable to fine which shall not be less than one lakh rupees
9	Sec. 112 (2)	Petty Organised Crime	shall not be less than one year but which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine
10	Sec. 113 (2) (b)	Terrorist Act.	which shall not be less than five years.
11	Sec. 113(3)	Abetting, attempting etc. of Terrorist Act.	Shall not be less than five years
12	Sec. 113(4)	Organising a camp for Terrorist Act.	shall not be less than five years
13	Sec. 113(6)	Harboring any person who has committed any terrorist Act.	which shall not be less than three years
14	Sec. 117(3)	Voluntarily Causing Grievous Hurt resulting in permanent vegetative state	which shall not be less than ten years
15	Sec. 118(2)	Voluntarily Causing Hurt or Grievous Hurt by Dangerous Weapons or Means.	shall not be less than one year
16	Sec. 121(2)	Voluntarily Causing Hurt or Grievous Hurt to Deter Public Servant from His Duty.	shall not be less than one year

S. No.	Section	Heading	Minimum Punishment
17	Sec. 139(1)	Kidnapping or Maiming a Child for Purposes of Begging.	shall not be less than ten years
18	Sec. 139(2)	Kidnapping or Maiming a Child for Purposes of Begging.	shall not be less than twenty years
19	Sec. 204	Personating A Public Servant	shall not be less than six months
20	Sec. 303(2)	Theft.	shall not be less than one year
21	Sec. 310(3)	Dacoity	shall not be less than ten years
22	Sec. 314	Dishonest Misappropriation of Property	shall not be less than six months
23	Sec. 320	Dishonest or Fraudulent Removal or Concealment of Property To Prevent Distribution Among Creditors	shall not be less than six months

